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# TEPECANO PRAYERS By J. Alden Mason

### INTRODUCTION

THE following prayers or perdones as they THE following prayers of productions are locally termed were collected during to March, 1912, the months of December, 1911, to March, 1912, and from November of the latter year to January, 1913, while I was enjoying the facilities for field work afforded me as representative from the University of Pennsylvania to the International School of Mexican Ethnology and Archeology. They were secured in Azqueltán, a little pueblo in the northeastern corner of the state of Jalisco, some hundred miles west of Zacatecas and nearly the same distance north of Guadalajara. Here live the remainder of the Tepecanos, at present the southernmost people speaking a language of the Piman group. A brief sketch of their life and customs 1 and collections of their folktales 2 have been published as well as a short account of one of the religious fiestas.3

The principal results of the residence in Azqueltán, in addition to the above-mentioned sketches, were studies of the language and of the religion of this group. An exposition of the language is being published by the New York Academy of Sciences.<sup>4</sup> To the same Academy is due no little credit for the appearance of the present paper, since it supplied

<sup>1</sup> The Tepehuán Indians of Azqueltán, Proceedings of the XVIII International Congress of Americanists, London, 1912, p. 344.

<sup>2</sup> Four Mexican-Spanish Fairy-Tales from Azqueltán, Jalisco, J. A. F. L., XXV, p. 191; Folk-Tales of the Tepecanos, *ibid.*, XXVII, p. 148.

<sup>3</sup> The Pinole Fiesta at Azqueltán, University of Pennsylvania Museum Journal, III, p. 44.

<sup>4</sup> Tepecano, A Piman Language of Western Mexico, Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences. The appearance of this article is delayed on account of the war. the needed funds for its preparation. The present collection of prayers is presented partly as illustrative material for the aforesaid linguistic sketch and partly as basic material for the study of the religion which is to be prepared. For this reason the prayers are presented with little introduction and no attempt has been made to explain the ceremonial allusions. Footnotes have been appended only to elucidate grammatical points.

The greater number of the prayers were given me by my principal informant, Eleno Aguilar. A few were given by the *Cantador Mayor* or High Priest, Rito de la Cruz, and one was secured from Francisco Aguilar. But all were revised and corrected by Eleno.

The religion of the Tepecanos appears to be very similar to those of the other neighboring peoples of the Sierra Madre Occidental, the Huichol, Cora, Tepehuane and Tarahumare. Preuss has published a voluminous account of the religion of the Cora <sup>5</sup> and Lumholtz more or less detailed accounts of those of the other groups, <sup>6</sup> particularly the Huichol. <sup>7</sup> The religion of the latter appears to be somewhat specialized but those of the other groups are doubtless basically the same. Preuss gives many songs and prayers very similar in form and concept to those given here and Lumholtz mentions the same among other groups.

- <sup>5</sup> K. T. Preuss, Die Religion der Cora-Indianer, Leipzig, 1912, and many smaller articles in various periodicals.
- <sup>6</sup> Karl Lumholtz, Unknown Mexico, New York, 1902, and several smaller articles.
- <sup>7</sup> Symbolism of the Huichol Indians, Memoirs of the American Museum of Natural History, New York, III, May, 1900, and other papers.

The old Tepecano religion is now practically abandoned in favor of Catholicism and the Christian influence may be traced in several of the prayers. Fortunately it is slight. But it must be borne in mind that the prayers are traditional material and many have not been recited for years. Probably a large number have been lost beyond possibility of record. The possibility of inaccuracy is therefore considerable. In many cases, the exact meaning of esoteric phrases has been forgotten or they are interpreted differently by different informants. In other cases the purpose of the prayer itself is disputed by various authorities or changes suggested in the final revision. It is with a full realization of these possible inaccuracies that the collection is presented.

For the greater part, the texts have been printed exactly as written down even in cases where cumulative evidence of many records of the same word indicates that a certain instance was incorrectly recorded. In addition to certain regular changes to conform with the orthography now in standard usage, the principal change in preparation of manuscript has been in the cases of the complexes *pb*, *td*, and *kg* where the initial surd is not released, to B', D', and G', respectively.

For a complete account of the phonetics and morphology of the language the reader is referred to the before-mentioned linguistic paper. A brief résumé of the phonetic key used is here appended for ready reference:

```
as in arm
а
       as in end (very rare and probably reduced from
e
                    diphthong ia)
       as in machine
i
       as in orb
o
       as in urn (\ddot{i} and \ddot{u} were occasionally written as
                    variants of \ddot{o})
       as in rule (approaches o of note)
u
       as in yes (generally as an i glide)
У
w
       as in wet (generally as an u glide; also confused
                    with v)
       semi-voiceless w
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<sup>1</sup> Phonetic Transcription of Indian Languages, Smithsonian Miscellaneous Collections, publication 2415, Washington, D. C.

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m
       as in men
       semi-voiceless m
       as in net
n
       semi-voiceless n
N
       as in sing (rare)
       as in Spanish pero
       semi-voiceless r
       approaching r but untrilled (rare)
       as in Spanish pavo
       semi-voiceless v
       as in so
       as in show (but approaching s)
       as in hat (probably not differentiated from x)
       as in Spanish jota (probably not differentiated
         from h)
b
       as in bed
d
       as in day
       as in go
       intermediate surd-sonant p-b
       intermediate surd-sonant t-d
       intermediate surd-sonant k-g
       as in Spanish pero
       as in Spanish tan
k
       as in Spanish casa
       as in hats (rare)
ts
       as in church (rare)
tc
       glottal stop or occlusion
       accent after vowel denotes stress accent
       accent over vowel denotes pitch accent
       grave accent denotes secondary accent
       iota subscript denotes nasalization
       raised period denotes doubled length
       period denotes hesitation, cessation of breath or
         voice, or separation of normally connected ele-
         ments of diphthongs or other combinations
       superscript characters are pronounced with less
         than normal force
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## 1. TO PREPARE THE PATIO FOR THE FIESTA OF THE RAIN

adiu's.um<sup>2</sup> naparin.o.'G<sup>3</sup> naparinda'D<sup>4</sup>
To God,<sup>2</sup> thou who art my Father,<sup>3</sup> who art my Mother,<sup>4</sup>

<sup>2</sup> Adios is the most frequent beginning for most of the prayers and is, of course, a Christian influence. It is a question whether it represents a dedication to the Christian God or merely an exclamation of greeting, in which sense it is frequent in Spanish usage. It has been most frequently translated as "Hail!" The particle um here is of doubtful nature.

<sup>3</sup> The stem means father; it has frequently been translated as "Lord."

<sup>4</sup> The stem means mother; it has frequently been translated as "Lady."

ganavarci'vgok o'hi tö'tvag.wöt'a pihö' they which are seven beautiful skies beneath, where

napimpuma'r'giD kutsapica'tivbö'hi'möD that ye are formed. We say we hither came

amta'nim ha'gicdara para begging you pardon, in order

nantu.i'ntamtuha.'na<sup>1</sup> nanpu.i'ni.ci'a.da'rsa that I here may meddle, <sup>1</sup> that I here them may place,

hidi nampurictökö''dam cidu'Dkam² these which are powerful fetishes²

nampumtö'tök anihö' nampu.a'r'gidic³ that they are named hereabouts, that they are formed.³

hacnaci'dúdu<sup>4</sup> kuha'pu.pï'c.ö·B nica'm·a'tuD thus that hoards.<sup>4</sup> Then likewise also I give yous to know

kupimitunha'gicda hidi hö'maD go'k that ye me will pardon these one two

va.'ik ni''o'khököt nicputö'mai.amta'n three word with. I continually you beg

ha'gicdara<sup>5</sup> kupiminma'kia *lise'nsia* pardon<sup>5</sup> that ye me will give permission

ku'n.inta'Mto'nimör.cituha'na nanpu.i'ni.tu'that I here suddenly may meddle that I here may pass

kaGda para nanpu.i.'n.cituna.'da hidi the night in order that I here may make fire this

<sup>1</sup> It has been difficult to translate this stem succinctly. It is better translated by the Spanish *manejar*, the idea being to putter around, putting things in order.

 $^2$  Probably from the stem cidu, to hoard or Cherish. They are commonly known by their native name but are translated on demand as IDOLs. They are small objects of stone, bone, etc.

<sup>3</sup> This stem has given great trouble as it seems to be used in a passive sense either with or without the passive particle.

<sup>4</sup> This is a word of esoteric meaning which has practically been forgotten. My informant translated it by different phrases until at last he settled on *como pertinece a los cuatro vientos*. It seems to contain the same stem as *cidukam*, TO GUARD AND CHERISH.

<sup>5</sup> The phrase "to beg pardon" seems to carry both the idea of craving forgiveness and beseeching favor.

<sup>6</sup> Always translated "green" but probably signifies "blue" as well.

navarictö'dog6 am·ai'nig.dám<sup>7</sup> pihö'dör which is green6 your *petate*<sup>7</sup> on. Where from

napuixi'kmad napuivo'pmiG ganavaramhi'that it clouds up that arises that which is your

koma navarica'pma'citká't na.icva''ut'ak<sup>8</sup>
cloud which is well appearing, spread out which drizzles<sup>8</sup>

navarictö'Dgitká:t pihö' napum.a'r'giD which is very green, spread out. Where that it is formed

navarni'.okiD<sup>9</sup> ganavarinsu'sBidat<sup>10</sup> inci'u'G<sup>11</sup>
which is her<sup>9</sup> word she who is my Guide,<sup>10</sup> my<sup>2</sup>
Morning Star,<sup>11</sup>

in.o.'G napuböitö'kdim gano'viD para my Father, that he hither to us comes reaching thats his hand in order

natpuha'bantuD'a'gimöD gamtönö'í.dida that we in it enveloping ourselves will go beholding

wö'c.oras.a''ba pihö napua'r'gidic<sup>12</sup> navarci''all hours in. Where that it<sup>12</sup> is formed which is

a·r.wöta.hövan pihödör napuböiwö'pgö east beneath there whence that lightninged down

natpubö'.inió<sup>13</sup> amöhödör natpua'.vo'm that spoke<sup>13</sup> down hither. From afar that has arisen

natpuma'.nio'k'i gava''varipkam hu''r'nipkam that has spoken to him he of the north westerner

- <sup>7</sup> Nahua petlatl, MAT, generally translated CARPET.
- <sup>8</sup> Lloviznar.
- <sup>9</sup> The singular pronoun is frequently used in apposition to the names of several deities. It is one of the most puzzling problems which of the divinities named is referred to or whether they are conceived as being various attributes of one individual. At other times the plural pronoun is employed.
- <sup>10</sup> Evidently combined of *sob'*, protect, and *dad*, MOTHER. The *guia* is interpreted as a small star which rises immediately before the Morning Star.
  - 11 Evidently related to cic, ELDER BROTHER.
  - 12 Reference doubtful.
- <sup>13</sup> The thunder is conceived as a voice, the Word. In many of the prayers the Word seems to be conceived as an entity, arising, being formed, speaking and performing other anthropomorphic functions. This concept has rendered certain translations very equivocal.

o'gipaskam anihö'.ci'kor hö'van tuma''southerner. Hereabouts there has gone= aGdimök namitpum'átök gama'dára'iwa conversing. that they knew they already sat namitpubö.át·ö'k höganavarano'v para that they to us have reached that which is their hand in order

natpuha'bantuD'a'gimöD gamtönöidida kuga'that we in it having wrapped ourselves may go beholding. Then

gurahö'mi.iu'rnida navaricto'nkam höga aside will go casting that which is heat höga navara.u"umi.hö'köt¹ mipuga'gurahö'.which are their arrows1 with they aside will= iu'r nida ganavaraka'kvarakhö'köt² miputgo casting that which are their chimales2 with. They= so'sbidida gahactucko'k'dakám napuböm.a''for us shall go attacking whatever sickness that may= gida porki a'tiamnö nö atictu kipgamtönö'ín come being reported. Because we do not see, we= in darkness go peering

porki ti'carici''korakam iti'kradö'köD because we are vile our filthiness with ti'cputso''sbidim konki'hapö'gia.i ni'cpuamwe go obstructing ourselves. With which this only Isa'tut kupiminka'ök kupimi'tunha''gicda cause you to know. Then hear ye meswill pardon

nanpui'nicituhá'n hi'di navaramnö'ík'ar.dám that I here meddle this which is your patio in. kuni'pui'nicikö''sa gana'varam'ai'niG gana'-Then I here will place this which is your petate that varicta' amba'tu.dám³ pixö' napimpuma'r'git which is white your tapexte³ on where that ye are formed

wös.oras.a''B kunkinicputömaiam'a'tuD all hours in. With which I constantly give you to-know.

ku*dio's*pöcambi'ak:a Then God feel for you.

#### NOTE

This prayer is recited by the Cantador Mayor, the principal functionary of Tepecano religion, to beg permission of the divinities to clean and prepare the ceremonial patio for the celebration of the Rain Fiesta, the principal fiesta of the year, held on the fifth of April. This is done in the late afternoon. After reciting this, the Cantador, or Chief Singer, sweeps the dance patio, lights the fire and decorates the altar with the necessary ceremonial objects.

#### TRANSLATION

Oh ye who are my Lord and my Lady who were created beneath the seven beautiful heavens! Hither have we come to ask your forgiveness so that I may here prepare and may place here these powerful *Cidudkam*, as they are called hereabouts where they are formed and cherished. Also do I say unto you that ye must forgive me these few words. Continually do I implore you that ye give me leave to work here and to pass the night here that I may kindle fire on this your green carpet.

Thence the heaven becometh overcast and your cloud ariseth, beautifully outspread, which drizzleth and is very green. There is formed the Word of Him who is my Guide, my Morning Star and my Lord, who cometh teaching unto us his hand that we, gathering ourselves into it, may go beholding in all hours. There beneath the east is it formed whence he hath sent his lightning and spoken. From afar it hath arisen; he hath spoken to them of the north, the west and the south, telling to all parts. Thus did they know it; they have seated themselves and have reached unto us their hand that we, wrapping ourselves in it, may go observing.

They will repel the heat with their arrows; with their *chimales* will they cast it aside.

hexagon of yarn, the "God's eye" of the Huichol. To the Tepecanos it is God's face.

<sup>3</sup> Nahua *tlapextle*, the white cloth erected on the altar.

u'mi is the ceremonial arrow, as distinguished from u, the hunting arrow.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Chimal is the native adaptation of the Nahua chimalli, SHIELD. The chimal is the little diagonal or

They will shield us from whatever pestilence may come. For we may not see and in darkness we grope, for we are vile and with our filthiness we impede ourselves.

This only do I say unto you. Hear ye me! Ye will pardon me for meddling here in this your court. Here will I place your white cloth on your carpet where ye are formed in all hours. Continually do I implore you. May God bless you.

## 2. TO COMMENCE THE FIESTA OF THE RAIN

(PERDÓN MAYOR)

adio's inci'u'G ino''G inda'D my Morning Star. To God, my Lord, my Lady, ati'puhi'möt aptu'i' napimaringö''korak1 We have come; to be that ye are my manes1 a·'möhövan napimarda'dar kam hö'there that ye are the sitters that= ga·rictumá·M ictö'doG ci"a'r wö't'a is five green east beneath. a'mömö'dör napimivo'pmigda höga There from that ye will lift that navarumu''umi² na'varicda'dik'am naB'which is health. Which are thy2 ceremonial arrows that=

aituda'giuna hōg·a na'pgama'.itwï'cturda thou hither us wilt cleanse that that thou, comings wilt force away from us

hög ac ko'k dakam aric'i'ko'r umtö' that sickness is vicinity thv= tvagiwöpta a'bi'dör na'puiwu'wacda skies beneath. There from thou wilt select navarumvo'p.oikam a'nihödör naB'ai'which is thy path. Here from that thou= navaricxö'pitkam³ tuda'giuna hö'ga which is the coldness3 hither us wilt cleanse that

navarumno'v hó'köt na'puhö'köt.itka'which is thy hand that thou with it for us= with: navarum. ora'dakam pkaturda napit'ö'wilt constrain which is thy inwardness; that= vö rturda höga navarumhi''Mda thou for us wilt lengthen which is thy way that napgamipkitöt'kö'hiniD'a höga navaruma'which thou also now us wilt cause to tread which is= t'vagi.sa'giD ku·hidi′köD apictunha'gicda thou me wilt= thy altar between. Then this with pardon, dio's in.o.'G inda''D inci'u'k hidi God my Lord, my Lady, my Morning Star, this go''k hömap ba'ik tak·u'gumö'köt fragments with one two three nanitaitumnö'i'puctur navaricda'dik'am which I to thee have recited which is health navarumni"o.k. kuhi'di hö'madakamö'köt which is thy word. Then this creation with api'ctunha'gicda porki aniamai'cturda thou me wilt pardon because I not may fulfill höga na'varumhi'mda höga that which is thy way that navarumtövoriG höga napubö.'ima''c which is thy length that which hither appears höga avemicmökor havaricda'dik'am that it very distant and it is health havaric·i'du'k·am ku.ha'bandör a'niamand it is treasure. Then with it from I not= kuhi dioma'dakam.hok.ot pihöamtö'gip'a4 anywhere you may see.4 Then this creation with adio's in.o.'G inda''t inci'u'k. to God. my Lord. mv Ladv. my Morning Star. ha'pihö'van napimaringö"koraG In that place that ye are my manes napimarda'dar kam amihövan ictö'doG5 there that ye are sitters green<sup>5</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Translated "Our Fathers and Mothers of the heavens." It is not quite certain whether these are the major divinities, minor divinities or ancestral spirits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The changes in person in this and other prayers are very confusing. Their signification is most puzzling.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Cold and wind are conceived as health-giving and purifying, heat as synonymous with sickness.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Possibly auditory error for -um-, THEE.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The color appropriate to the east.

ci"a rwö'ta' navarictö'dog höga east beneath that which is green o'hi' so'so'B navarum.a'toc'kar1 which is thy1 seat, beautiful bead ha'bandör nagamida'dig nagamihi'komaG where from that comes health that it clouds up nagamiwö'pgövi' ha'ban'dör naB'iva"utaG that comes lightning where from that it hither= drizzles. napum.a'rgida2 navarictö'do kua'mömödör

Then there from that will be formed<sup>2</sup> which isgreen
o'hi hi'komö''k'öD gö'gö'r o'hi

o.'hı hı'komö''k'öD gö'go'r o.'hı beautiful cloud with great beautiful hi'komsa''giD na''puwö'pöga'ma.iwö''cnia cloud between. That advancing will start na'puwa'tönö'ídida va'viar³ o.'hi

na'puwa'tönö'ídida va'viar³ o''hi that will go beholding gray³ beautiful tö'tvaGwö't'a napumai'vanio'k'ida ba'viar skies beneath. That hence already will go speaking gray

oʻhi soʻsoʻBtioʻD amömöʻ navarda'k·am beautiful bead-man there that is sitter navarva'viar töʻvakwöt·a' naʻpurnu'-

that it is gray sky beneath that hese kanaram navarva'viar o'xi is guardian which is gray beautiful

navarumva'p'a'möriG ha'ba'ndör naB'-that are thy lakes. Thence that "

öixa''dug<sup>4</sup> na'puivi'ngi ku'.a'mömö''dör it hither<sup>4</sup> . . . that it . . . Then therefrom

napuivo'm·gia na`puva`tönö·idida that will arise that already will go beholding

navargö''gö'r va'paviar o''xi which are great gray beautiful

hi'kom.ör a'bimö na'puvadu'via cloud within. There that already arrives

na'puvam.a'rgida gö'gör hikomsa'gip that will be formed cloud within. great navaricda'dik'am naB·ai'vatuda'giuna That thou already wilt cleanse which is health navarumsa 'kumigö'köD ku.a'bimö''dör which is thy tears with. Then there from na'pumgókiptötugia navargö'gö'r va'pavia'r that to both sides will look which are great xi'komsa'gi'D na'pgamisá·ki'p·a That thou wilt weep, cloud within. naB'ai'vada'giuna avarichö'pitkam that thou hither already wilt cleanse it is coldness navarumu''umihö'köD na'pgama.itwi'cturda that it is thy ceremonial arrows with. That thou from us wilt chase away

navaricko'kdakam ci'k'o'r tö'tvaGwö'pta which is pestilence vicinity skies beneath navaricxö'p'itkam ka'va'r navarumwu'which is coldness chimal which is= hö''kön p<sup>uivas</sup> anihö' napuvatönö'thy faces with. Hereabouts that already= idida aric·i'k·o·r na'va rumtö'tvagiwö'pta will go beholding is vicinity which is thy skies= beneath

napuma''r''gidida navaricxö'pitkaм that will be formed which is coldness hö"kia та'тсім navarumxi'komagö'köD how many apparitions which is thy cloud with. na'puva'tönö'idida navarictu'k5 oʻxi That already will go beholding which is black5 beautiful

navarumtö'tvagiwö'ta napumai'vatuda'which is thy skies beneath which hence-

giuniD·a na'varichop'itkam navarumu''already wilt cleanse which is coldness which are=
umi ho'ko napumai'vaniók'ida
thy ceremonial arrows with. That hither already=
will go speaking

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Possibly auditory error for -am-, YOUR.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> From here on, the references of the third person are doubtful. Most if not all of them probably refer to the journey of the Word, the prayer, the formula, through the heavens though some may have reference to the habitant spirits of the cardinal directions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Yellowish-gray, the color of the north.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> These two stems evidently carry an esoteric ceremonial significance which has been forgotten by the present natives. None of the authorities interrogated was able to give a translation of them. They probably refer to various phases of the rain.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The color of the west.

ha"kic u'vikam na'puarinda''D womankind who is my Lady. tell arictu'G o·'xi tö'vaGwöt'a Is black beautiful sky beneath napur da'kam na'purnu'k'aD'aM that she is guardian that is sitter naB'ivo'navarumba'pamörid a'midör that thou= that are thy lakes there from navarumci'pmigip navaricda'dik'am liftest which is health which is thy= na'p'uio'hi cvordap ha'ban'dö'r plumes. Thence it becomes beautiful, napuivi'ngi naB·iha·'duG ha'ban'dör that it . . . that it . . ., whence naB'a'iD'a'giuna navarum'a'mar i'nimö That thou hither us wilt cleanse who are thy sons here na'tputuwo'inuG hi'di navaricda'dik'am that we wander this which is health kuB·ai`.iD·a'giuna navarum.ö'k·aD·a wö't·a Then thou hither us= which is thy shadow beneath. wilt cleanse navaricda'dik'am navarumsa'kumgihö'köt which is health which is thy sorrow with. napgama.'it'ö'vörturda navarumgö'gu'cdara That thou for us wilt increase which is thy succor. na'pivo'mgia navarictu'tuk ku.a'mi'dör Then there from which will arise which are black navarumhi'komaG örhödör na'puva'tönö'which is thy cloud within from which already= navargö'gör idida oʻxi xi'komör will go beholding which are great beautiful cloud within naphö'kö'pa'.uma''rgida navaricdadik am Which with will be formed which is health navarumxi'komag·ö'kö't ha'ban'dör which is thy cloud with whence nagamiwö'pgöv ha'ba'ndör naB'iva"uta which it lightnings whence which drizzles. a'bi.mödör napuga'miniók na'pu.umhö'gip There from that speaks that to thee replies hödör navarumxi'komag. öra ku.a'bimödör alone which is thy cloud within. Then there from napumgo'kiptötu'gia naB·ai'vatuda'giuna that to both sides will look that thou hither already= wilt cleanse

navaricxö'p'itkam navarumu''umidö'köD which is coldness which are thy ceremonial arrowswith.

na'p·uva'tönöidida a'ric·i'k·oʻr Which already will go beholding is vicinity navarumtö'tvagiwö't·a napubai'vatuda'that is thy skies beneath. That hither alreadys

navarichö'pitkam navarumsa'giuna which is coldness which is thy= wilt cleanse kumigö''köt navarumbo'navarci'k o'r which is vicinity which ares sorrow with napubai'vaha'du'G napubai'p·oiga'ba Which hither already . . . thy paths in. which= naB'ai'vahi'komaG vavi'ngi ha'ba'ndör hither already . . . Thence which hither= already clouds up

umhi'komaksa''giD na'pgamiwopgov thy cloud between that thou sendest lightnings naga'maictuma'ma'c navarumbo'poiga'ba that appear which are thy paths in.

ku.a'miD'ör napuma'vatönöidida aricta'i
Then there from that hence already will go beholding
is white<sup>1</sup>

o·'hi o·'hi umtö'vagiwöta' a'ricta thy sky beneath is white beautiful beautiful hi'komö''köD na'puwama''rgida napuma'that already will be formed. cloud with ivanio'k'ida o·'hi so'so'Btio'D a'ricta' hence already will go speaking is white beautiful

a'ricta' oʻ'hi umtö'vagiwö'ta' napurdák·am is white beautiful thy sky beneath that is sitter

a'ricta' ó'hi so''so'B navaruma'toc'kardám is white beautiful bead which is thy seat on

naparnúkaD·am navarumba'p·amö·rit which is guardian which are thy lakes.

ku.a'miD'ör napivo'pmiD'a a'ricta' o''hi Then there from that thou wilt lift is white beautiful

navarumci'cwordad ha'ba'ndö'R na'puio''hi which are thy plumes whence that becomesbeautiful

<sup>1</sup> The color of the south.

bead-man

na'B'uida'di ku'ganavaricta' ha'ba'ndör Then that which is= whence that thou healthenest. white a'pdör o·'hi navarumci'cvoD which are thy plumes in from beautiful na'B'uivi'ngi napuha'na'puiha''duG that it . . . that= that it . . . na'puihi'komag hi'komsa'gip handör cloud within that it clouds up whence nagamictuma'ma'c na'pgamiwö'p'göv that thou sendest lightnings which they appear a'ricta' o'hi navarum ai 'niGdám is white beautiful which is thy petate on. kuamömö'dör napugo'kip.a'ptötúgia that in both sides wilt look Then there from oʻhi a'ricta' na'puva'tunöidida is white beautiful that already will go beholding naphö'kö'p.uma'rgida hi'kom.ör that with it will be formed cloud within: arictá ta hi'komö'kö't napuha'bandörbi.ivo'-That whence hither wilt= cloud with. are white navarumu"umi navaricda'dik'am pmikda which are thy ceremonial= which is health raise aric'i'k'o'r navarumtö'bai'vatuda'giuna hither already cleanse is vicinity which are= na'pumöratönöi dida tvagiwö't'a That within will go beholding thy skies beneath. tövakwö't-a tö'do a'rictumá:M sky beneath green it is five o·'hi na'puhö'köuma''rgida a'rictumá·м is five beautiful that with will be formed navarumhi'komagö''kö't na'pamömödör That there from which is thy cloud with. navarumni'a'rictumá'M napiwo'mgia that will arise is five which is= o·k·hö'köD napuba'vatunöidida aric·i'thy word with, that hither already will go beholding are= o·'hi tö'vaGdam a'bi'mó vgo·k· There beautiful sky on. seven naB·ai'vanio'k·ida na'puvadu'via that hither already will comes that already arrives speaking

na'varit.o'G hi'kom ci'vo't to'no'r who is our Lord Sun Cloud Plume ha'ba'ndör cidúkam na'gamida'dig Fetish, whence that comes health hö"kia hi'komā'kön та'тсім cloud with. how many apparitions va'pa'viar o'hi na'B'ida'giuna That thou wilt cleanse beautiful gray navarumu"umihö'kö'D ku a'bimödör which are thy ceremonial arrows with. Then there from aric'i'vgo'k' na'parda''k'am o·'hi that thou art sitter is seven beautiful naparnu'kap am navaruma'tockardám which is thy seat on that thou art guardian arici'vgo·k· ó·hi navarumva'p'amöriG beautiful which are thy lakes are seven napivo'pmikda navaricdá·dik·am that thou wilt raise which is health navarumci'cvordaD aric'i'ko'r na.ima'which are thy plumes is vicinity which= ma·c·i''a·rwö''ta va'varip. hu'r'nip' appear east beneath north west ku.a'bimödör naB'iwö'pgöv o'gipas south. Then there from that it lightnings na'gamistuma'ma'c arici'vgo'k' hi'kom.ör that appear are seven cloud within. na'pgaminio'k'ia napumhö'kda a'bimödör that thou begin wilt speak There from that to= thee will reply a'rici'ko'r tö'tvaGwö''ta ba'varip. skies beneath north is vicinity o'gipas a'ricivgo'k hu'r'nip' south are seven west naB'iku'G'ida na'varictumám hi'kom.öR cloud within. That thou hither wilt go ceasing which are five oʻhi navarumni'o k. kuhi'di beautiful which is thy word. Then this hö'köD hö'ma'dakam api'ctunha'gicda creation with thou me wilt pardon. in.o.'G inda''t inciu'k adio's To God my Lord my Lady my Morning= Star.

#### NOTE

This is the *Perdon Mayor* or principal prayer, it being the opening prayer of the most important of the four annual *fiestas*. After the *patio* has been prepared, the altar arranged and the fire lighted, the communicants arrive. Then, after darkness has set in, the Chief Singer takes his seat facing the altar to the east and recites the prayer.

This prayer must also be recited by one desiring to become a shaman in order to prove his knowledge and ability.

#### TRANSLATION

Oh my Lord, my Lady, my Morning Star! Hither have we come. Ye are my spirits who are seated there in the five heavens beneath the green east. From there will ye bring health.

With thy arrows thou wilt purify us; thou wilt quit from us the pestilence which surroundeth us beneath thy heavens. From there thou wilt lead thy path. Thou wilt cleanse us with the cold which is thy hand, with which thou wilt intensify for us thy spirit. Thou wilt lengthen for us thy way which thou wilt now cause us to tread, which is between thy altar. With these few fragments which I have recited unto thee thou wilt pardon me, God, my Lord, my Lady, my Morning Star, for they are thy Word which is health. With this formula thou wilt pardon me for I may not fulfill thy commandment, thy course which hither leadeth, for it is very far; it is health and treasure. Therefore I never may behold thee. So with this formula Hail! my Lord, my Lady, my Morning Star.

There are ye seated, my spirits, beneath the green east, on the beautiful green bead which is your throne, whence come health and the clouds, lightning and drizzle. There will it be created of the beautiful green cloud between the great beautiful clouds.

Forward will it proceed, observing beneath the beautiful gray heavens. Hence will go

speaking the beautiful gray Bead-man who sitteth there beneath the gray heaven, the guardian of thy beautiful gray lakes. Then from there will it arise and go observing within the beautiful great gray cloud. Far away will it arrive where it will be formed within the great cloud. There wilt thou purify it with thy tears, which are health. Thence will it look to both sides, within the great gray clouds. Thou wilt weep and purify it with thy arrows which are the cold. Thou wilt quit from us the pestilence round about beneath thy heavens with the cold of thy chimal which is thy countenance. Here will it go about observing beneath thy heavens where it will be formed of the cold with thy many-colored cloud.

Then will it go about observing beneath thy beautiful black heavens where thou wilt cleanse it with the cold of thy arrows. Hither will come speaking and reciting the Woman who is my Lady. Beneath the beautiful black heaven is she sitting, guarding thy lakes whence thou drawest health, thy plumes. From them cometh beauty. Thou wilt cleanse us who are thy sons who wander here beneath thy healthful shadow. Thou wilt purify us with thy health-giving tears. Thou wilt increase for us thy succor. Thence will it arise from out thy black cloud and will go beholding within the beautiful great cloud. It will be created with thy healthful cloud whence come the lightning and the drizzle. From there he speaketh, answering thee within thy cloud, alone. Then will it look to both sides and thou wilt cleanse it with the cold of thy arrows. Round about beneath thy heavens will it gaze and thou wilt purify it with the cold of thy tears, round about in thy paths. From it thou sendeth the clouds and, within the cloud, thy lightning which appeareth in thy paths.

From there will it go beholding beneath thy beautiful white heaven where it will be formed of the beautiful white cloud. Hence will go speaking the beautiful white Beadman who sitteth beneath thy beautiful white heaven on the beautiful white bead which is thy throne, guarding thy lakes. From these wilt thou raise thy beautiful white plumes whence come beauty and health. From thy beautiful white plumes cometh the rain; from them come the clouds and within the cloud thou sendest lightnings which flash on thy beautiful white carpet. From there will it look to both sides, gazing within the beautiful white cloud where it will be formed of the white cloud. From it thou wilt bring health and wilt cleanse with thy arrows, round about beneath thy heavens.

It will go about gazing beneath the five green heavens where it will be formed of thy From there will it five beautiful clouds. arise with thy five Words and will go about observing in the seven beautiful heavens. There will arrive speaking our Lord, the Sun, the Cloud, the Plume, the Cidukam from which cometh health in the many-colored cloud. With thy beautiful gray arrows wilt thou cleanse it. Thou art seated on thy seven beautiful thrones guarding thy seven beautiful lakes whence thou wilt raise thy health-giving plumes which appear round about beneath the east, the north, the west and the south. From there afar the lightnings flash through the seven clouds. From there thou wilt speak and they will reply unto thee from all around beneath the heavens, from north, west and south within the seven clouds. So wilt thou end thy five beautiful Words.

With this formula thou wilt forgive me. Hail! my Lord, my Lady, my Morning Star.

## 3. TO CONCLUDE THE FIESTA OF THE RAIN

a'tiputhi'möt a'ptu'i' dio's in.o'G
We have come be God my Lord.

api'ctunha'gicda i'nimö napitiD'a'kta
Thou me wilt pardon here that thou didst usleave

hi'd·i navarictö'd og um·ai'niGdam this that is green thy petate on. kuamömö'dör naB'ivo'pmiGda hög a Then there from that thou hither wilt raise that gamu"umi naphö"va·'viar óhi beautiful grav those thy ceremonial arrows which thou with= kötitso'sbida hög a navaricko'k'dakam us wilt go shielding which is sickness that arici'ko'r navarumtötvag·i

arici'koʻr navarumtötvagʻi ci''aʻr is vicinity which are thy skies east wötʻa' ba'varip hu'rnip oʻgipa beneath north west south

a'ricivgo'k' ó'hi töt'vaGdam kuamömö'dör are seven beautiful skies on. Then there from aB'aiD'a'giuna na'varichö'pitkam thou hither us wilt cleanse which is coldness

na'varumno'V na'pgama.i·twi'cturda which is thy hand. That thou, beginning, from us= wilt repel

hög·a navarickoʻk'dakam xuʻp·ur that which is sickness wind ci·ʻcvoriG na't·unön·ö' hidi plumes which fly this

navarum ai'niGdam a.möm ödör which is thy petate on. There from

naB·ai.iD·a'g·iD·a na`varumgö'gu·cdara' that thou hither us wilt send which is thy succor

na`phōk·ötit·ö'vörtu·rda na`varum.which thou with to us wilt extend which is thy

ö'rad·ak·am inwardness.

#### NOTE

This prayer is recited by the Chief Singer at the close of the Rain *Fiesta* about dawn on the following day.

#### TRANSLATION

Oh God, my Lord! We have come where thou art. Thou wilt forgive me, thou who didst leave us here on this thy green carpet. From afar thou wilt raise thy beautiful gray arrows with which thou wilt shield us from sickness round about in thy heavens, beneath the east, the north, the west and the south in thy seven beautiful heavens. From there thou wilt purify us with the cold, which is in thy hand. Thou wilt cast from us the pestilence, the whirlwinds, the plumes which fly about on this thy carpet. From afar thou wilt send us thy succor and wilt reveal unto us thy spirit.

## 4. TO PREPARE THE PATIO FOR THE FIESTA OF THE ELOTES<sup>1</sup>

adiu's naparinsu'sbidat inci'u'k
To God that thou art my Guide, my Morning Star,
in.o.'G naparinda.'t ci''arwö't ahö'
my Lord. That thou art my Lady east beneaths
there

napusoi''má·c napitpubö.'inió· that thou sad appearest that thou didst hither speak napitpuböiwö'pgö amöhödör that thou didst hither send lightnings there from napitpuböihíkmat ati'cumtá·n ha·'gicdara that thou didst hither send clouds. We thee beg pardon

navarci'vgok ohi tötvaGwö't'a pixödör that are seven beautiful skies beneath wherefrom

napuböim.a'r'giD kuticputömai.amtá·n that thou hither art created. Thus we continuallyyou beg

há gicdara kupimi.'tuthá'gicda kupimi'.pardon that ye us will pardon, that ve us will= itma'kia lise''nsia kutsapi'ni.itu'kakda give that we here may pass the night permission kutkö amdo 'dicda höga navaramnöík·ar that we decorated for you may make that which is= your patio

para natpumci'cvoD·a² höga it.ö·'ciG
in order that we for thee² may make plumes he
 our Corn

kut.i'ni.cia'dársa gactökö.dam ci'du'Dkam that we here them may place that powerful fetishes

- 1 Nahua elotl, GREEN EAR OF CORN.
- <sup>2</sup> Possibly auditory error for -pu-am-, YOU.
- <sup>3</sup> On the musical bow.

nampumtö'tök ganavaricta ava't·o.dám that they are called that which is white theirtapexte on

ganavaricta mai'niG.wö't'a kutsapi'that which is white *petate* beneath. Then we=
putuasa'sa'uda<sup>3</sup> *para* natputuiákta<sup>4</sup>
say for them we will play<sup>3</sup> in order that we may=
hless<sup>4</sup>

para napucbai'k'a nat'uuh'gia in order that may be able that we may eat. kuti'puamci'cvoD'a höganavarcivgok

Then we for you will make plumes that which is seven

amni'oʻkhököt para natpuamʻa''töDʻa your word with in order that we you may causes to know

ganavarani'o'k ganamaritgökorak that which is their word they who are our manes

wöpuhímdam nampuböit ökdim gana'before gone on; that they hither us come extending that which

varano'v para natpua'bantuD'a'gimöt is their hand in order that we in it havingsenfolded ourselves

gamtönöí.dida wöc*orasa''*Ba kuha'pu.pumay go beholding all hours in. Then so:

i'cöpata'n ha'gicdara wö'pu also them beg pardon first

höga navaritci'uk kuvipuböitnöí.dida he that he is our Morning Star. Then he hither uswill come beholding

pixo nat·uha·'nda pixo nat·ima·'cdida<sup>5</sup> where that we will meddle where that we will go dawning <sup>5</sup>

pixō' natitu'kakdida kuyamwhere that we will go passing the night that not-

ha'ctuiD'amhacumwa'da ickögðköt anything over us anything will happen strong with

aticia'D'ida<sup>5</sup> kumipuböitnöídida we will arise.<sup>5</sup> Then they hither us will come beholding

- 4 By raising the ears of corn to the heavens.
- <sup>5</sup> The stem ma·c denotes APPEAR; the stem cia is evidently related to ci"a·r, EAST. Both are used with the idea of ARISING AT SUNRISE, amanecer.

konkihapögiaganamaritgö'korak they who are our manes. With which thus only= ti'cpuam'á'tuD hidi taku'gumö''köt fragment with we you give to know this avi'a mhacicbaíg natamá·töp·a porki not anyhow can that we you will causes because to know

ganavaramni'o'k navaramhi'mda which it is your way that which is your word iti'kradö'köt putso'sbidim porkia·'tiv our filthiness with us go obstructing. because we konki'.hapí itkaök kudiu'spöcambi'aka With which thus is: us hear. That God you will= sympathize.

#### NOTE

The *Fiesta* of *Elotes* or ripe ears of corn is held on September fifth. The Chief Singer arrives early in the evening and recites this prayer to the divinities to beg permission to prepare the *patio* for the *fiesta*.

### TRANSLATION

Hail! my Guide, my Morning Star and my Father.

My Mother, who sadly appearest beneath the east, whence thou didst speak, sending thy lightnings and clouds, we crave thy forgiveness. Beneath the seven beautiful heavens thou wast created.

Continually do we implore you to forgive us and to give us leave to pass the night here, to array your court for you, to make you plumes of our Corn, and to place here the powerful *cidudkam*, as they are called, on their white cloth beneath their white carpet. We will play for them in worship, that we may be enabled to eat. Also will we make plumes for you with your seven words, that we may teach you the Word of our spirits who have gone before. They come reaching unto us their hand that we, enfolding ourselves in it, may go beholding in all hours.

Likewise do we beg forgiveness first of Him who is our Morning Star. He will come to watch over us where we perform, where we pass the night and rise with the dawn, so that no ill may befall us and we may arise with strength. Our spirits will come to watch over us.

Only this fragment do we say unto you, for we may not teach you more of your Word, which is your Way, for we are confused by our sinfulness. This, no more. Hear us! May God bless you.

## 5. TO COMMENCE THE FIESTA OF THE ELOTES

adio's na'par.ing'k tunha'giciD To God, that thou art my Father. Me pardon hi'di ni'.o.k.hök.öt. hömad gok: ba'ik this one two three word with. tunha'giciD porke na'naric.i'kra'k'am Me pardon because that I am vile hög ahököd a'nicponsó'Bdim gökö that with I myself obstructing. Therefore nipumtán hágicdara ku pi am.ago -I thee beg pardon. Then thou not in two: kiptönö'nöik'da' picina'ptunda'gia¹ places wilt look. Thou in me me wilt seize1 namarit.gö'korak vöpöhímdam na'pu.pui'that they are our manes before go on. Thus= co.b pi'miambi'ak'a napimarapim also ve not will need that ye are ye pimia'm.soi'umö'riD'a pi'micböintö'kda ve not sad selves will feel. Ye hither me will extend högʻa navaramno'v bara nan.that which is your hand in order that I= a'ptunda'gia nanickö·k·.hök·öD.barain it me will seize in order that I happy withima·'cdida ga''gurahö'van pimi.iu'rnida will go appearing. Aside there ye will go casting gacto'nkam höga navaramu''umi hö'ga that heat that which are your ceremonial arrows that

navaramkávarakhö'köD pi 'mi.potso'sbidim which are your *chimales* with ye us go protecting

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If correctly given, this form is inexplicable.

bö.c ci'koʻrhövan högacto'nkam all vicinity there that heat. ku'pigama.iwa'hida höga ictonkam Then thou wilt go repulsing that heat natpöid ám. hagö'i gö'kö ni'pumta'n that it did us over already fall. I thee= Therefore beg ha'gicdara pia'mbi'ak'a napsoi'umö'rip'a pardon. Thou not wilt need that thou sad thyself wilt feel. apica'p tumda'gia ganamaritgökorak Thou in them thyself wilt seize they that are ours manes amöhödör namitpöihíkmat there from that they did cloud up namitpöböiwöp gö höga na'vargö' .that they did hither lighten that that is great= tö'vakwö't'a navarci'a r amöhö'van sky beneath. That is east there from natpöva'nio ha'va natpöbia'hö'k that did already speak that he did hither= and already reply ba·'baripkam natpöwa'nio havahö'rnip North. That he did already speak and west natpö'vahök höga hu'huktio'D that did already reply Pine-Man that na'tpu.böa'hök natpöva'p·nio ha'pu that did hither already reply. that did al-Thus ready again speak natpöbö.a'hök anihövan hö'ga' o'gipa that did hither already reply that south. There tum a"agdimuk cíkor hövan hi'di hence already gone conversing vicinity there this hö'köp namitpöva'nio ci'vgo·k· with that they did already speak, seven tö'tvaGdam natpuvák·u·gat skies on that did already arrive.

## TRANSLATION

Hail! thou who art my Father. Pardon me these few words; forgive me them. For I am vile and therefore do I obstruct myself. Therefore do I beg thy forgiveness. Look not askance; thou must be possessed of our spirits who have gone before.

And ye who are ye, do not feel sad. Ye will reach unto me your hand that I may be held in it and arise with gladness. With your arrows will ye cast aside the heat; with your *chimales* will ye shield us from it, round about.

Thou wilt repel the heat that has fallen upon us. Therefore do I beg thy forgiveness. Be not sad. Thou must be gathered unto them who are our spirits who from afar send the clouds and the lightnings beneath the great heaven.

From the east he spoke and He of the North replied. He spoke and the West replied, replied the Pine-Man. Again he spoke and the South replied. And so did each in turn repeat the word they had spoken till it came unto the seven heavens.

## 6. TO CONCLUDE THE FIESTA OF THE ELOTES

adiu's naparin.o.'G naparinci'u'k
To God that thou art my Lord, that thousart my Morning Star,

insu'sbidat ati'cpuböhímöD puctuga''i'M my Guide. We hither came desirous of roasting

hi'dimnöi''kar'dá'm böc na'tpuin.da''r'im this thy patio on all that we here are sitting

navarumnöi''kardám pihövan na'that is thy patio on where that:

pitpuda·íwak' sa'sa·kic navarumo·'k thou didst, having sat down weep for him who isthy Lord,

na'varumda''t ci''arwö't'ahö' napuwho is thy Lady, east beneath there that:

a 'rgidic pixô' napuká 't' ganavarumhávu l is created, where that is hung that which isthy jícara l

böc umu''umihök'ö't umka'kvarhöku'D all thy ceremonial arrows with thy *chimales* with

<sup>1</sup> A cup or bowl made from a gourd and generally decorated with beads impressed in wax.

navaricta'm'ai'niGwöt'a navaric'i'kmatká't' which is white thy *petate* beneath which is cloudyoverspread

napucva''u'taG napucbi'gikam pihö' which drizzles which . . . where napui.vu'sandim ganavarhi'ko'm pihö' that arises that which is cloud where natpuböiwöp.gö natpubö'inió' ganavarci'that did hither lighten that did hither speak they which=

vgok o'hi tö'tvaGwö't·a amuhö'dör are seven beautiful skies beneath. Therefrom

napubö'inio'k'im napuböiva''u'taG that hither comes speaking that hither drizzles.

amuhödör napuvackaít im hö'ga There from that already comes listening she navarmárad natpubö'ihó't' ga.o''gad

navarmárad natpubö'ihó't' ga.o''gad who is his daughter that he did hither send he, s her father

hidi navarictödoG mai'niGdá·m this that is green petate on

napuica'picda'tpam'á'c natpui'nimöhö'that it well clean appears. That she did here-

vadúvia· hidi nöíkargiD·ám böchök·u't already arrive this his patio on all with

hacnapuci'dúdu ci'korhúwan puva.'o'imō thus that hoards vicinity there already walked

pihö'dör natpubö'ixo't gaó'gat where from that he did hither send that hers father.

kuna'tpunö'vadu'via' hidi nöíkargiD'ám Then she did here already arrive this his patio on

sá·kimöG ganavarci'vgok oʻ'hi having wept they which are seven beautiful

tö'tvakwöt'a ba'bariB hu'r'niB skies beneath north west

o''gipa ci''arwöt'a pixödör south east beneath where from

natpuböiho't' gao''gad *para* that he did hither send he her father in order

na'puini.ma'" Riat hidi nöi'kargip'ám that she here should appear his patio on. this kuna'titpua'bö'i **bara** nat.ivo'migda So we did already take up that we will lift in order natpuva.a'r'gi(dida)1 ha'cnacidúdu that he did already (will) 1 create thus that hoards ci'k orhúwan napurnöí'kargiD'ám vicinity in that is his patio on

puva'tö ganavarictödok ba't ogiD ám already placed that which is green his tapexte on

pixö napua''r'gidic natitpuva'ga'i where that creates that we did already roast

natitpuva'hu kuvictuthá gicda ganavaró -that we did already eat. Then us will pardon he

gat ganavardö.ut wö·c isa'who is her father she who is her mother all her:

sakumgidökö't pihö' natpumá cir tears with where that she did appear.

natpuva'nu'k' a'sta kwiya'mivo'miGda<sup>2</sup>
That she did already guard until that notswill raise.<sup>2</sup>

ku'nkihapi nicpum át uD konkidio's
With which thus I thee give to know. With which God

pïcumbi'ak'a for thee will feel.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! thou who art my Lord, my Morning Star and my Guide. Hither did we come to roast in this thy court, all of us who here are seated in thy court. There thou didst seat thyself and didst cry unto Him who is thy Lord and thy Lady who was created beneath the east. There is hung thy jicara with all thy arrows and thy chimales beneath thy white carpet o'erspread with drizzly clouds. There ariseth the cloud whence came the lightnings and the voice beneath the seven beautiful heavens. Thence it cometh speaking and drizzling.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This form is impossible; the future suffix is probably superfluous.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Probably a direct translation of the Spanish idiom hasta que no in the sense of UNTIL.

From afar cometh hearkening she who is his daughter whom he, her father, did send to this green carpet, beautifully clean. Here she arrived in this his court with every adornment that belongeth to her, having journeyed from whence her father sent her. At last she came, weeping, unto this his court, beneath the seven beautiful heavens, beneath the north, the west, the south and the east. From there did her father send her that she might appear in this his court.

Therefore did we grasp her to raise up her who was created round about; laying her on her green cloth in her court, where she was created, we did roast and eat her. Therefore will He who is her father and her mother forgive us because of all her tears. There did she appear and wait until we should raise her up.

Thus do I give thee to know. May God have mercy on thee.

## 7. TO PREPARE THE PATIO FOR THE FIESTA OF THE PINOLE

adio's naparinsu'sbidat inci'u'k To God who thou art my Guide, my Morning= Star. in.o''G inda''D anihö napimpuda'dar my Lord, my Lady. There that ye are seated ci'kor ganavarica'p.ma'cim am.a'that which is well appearing vicinity your= tockardá·m navarictödog kuha'pu.seat on that is green. Then thus= ha'gicdara puicö·B nicamtan also I you beg pardon napimitunha' gicda hidi hömat gok that ye me will pardon this one two vaik ni'o khököt navartakugamhököt three word with which is fragment with porki aniamha'cicba'ík nanam'átop'a because I not any can that I you will cause to:

know

ganavaramni.'o'k höga navaramtótnorik that that which is your word which are your= suns. kunsapi'tuwó'cka hídi navarictödo Then I say will sweep this which is green amnöíkardá·m para nansapi'ni.i.'your patio on in order that I say here= citu'kakda nanpu.i'ni.tuna''da will pass the night that I here will make fire navaramnöíkardá·m nan.i'ni.adá·rsa para that is your patio on in order that I here them will= place höga ciduDkam nampumtötök hidi that idols that they are named this navaricta' ava't'o.dám navaricta' that is white their tapexte on that is white ganavarau"umihököt amainiGwöt'a their petate beneath. That which are their ceremonial arrows with that navaraka'k varak nampuököditso''pihö' that are their chimales that they with us= where sbidim anihö wöc·ikorhövan go protecting there all vicinity there. kuti'puama''töD'a kutsapi'pumiwá'G Then we them will cause to know that we say hence= scatter that navaratui'spi1 navaravámuit<sup>2</sup> which is their pinole1 which is their atole.2 kuti.ini.pücitö'kia hidi navaraha'vu öra Then we here will place this which is their= jícara within. kuticpu.ama't'ut ganamaritgökorak Then we them cause to know they who are our manes wöpuhi''mdam anihö' nampuda'dar before go on there that they are seated nampuböitnöíp wöc*oras*a'ba that they hither us watch all hours in nampuböit·ö'k·it höganavarano'v that they hither us extend that which is their hand natpwa'ban.tuDa'gimöt gamtönöídim that we in it having wrapped ourselves going observing

<sup>2</sup> Nahua atolli, PINOLE MIXED WITH WATER AS A

GRUEL.

<sup>1</sup> Nahua pinolli, PULVERIZED CORN-MEAL.

wöc*oras*aB·a kuti'cpuatán ha·'gicdara all hours in. Then we them beg pardon

ganavarinsusbidat inci'uk ino''k she who is my Guide, my Morning Star, my Lord,

inda''D kumi'puma''töhi itka'ök my Lady. Then they shall know. Us hear!

kumitutha 'gicda konkidio' spöcambi'ak 'a Then they us will pardon. With which God you willsympathize.

#### NOTE

This prayer is spoken by the Chief Singer upon arriving at the ceremonial *patio* early in the evening of the fifth of January in order to beg permission of the divinities to prepare the *patio* for the *Fiesta* of the *Pinole* to be held that night.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! my Guide, my Morning Star, my Lord and my Lady who are seated round about on your pleasant green throne. I beseech you, forgive me these few words, this fragment, for I may not teach you your word, which is your days. I will sweep this your green court that I may pass the night here, that I may kindle fire here in your court and place here the *Cidudkam*, as they are called, on this their white cloth beneath their white carpet. With their arrows and their *chimales* do they protect us in all parts. We say unto them that we will scatter about their *pinole* and their *atole*, and will place them here in this their *jicara*.

Also do we implore our spirits who have gone before, there where they are seated, watching us in all hours, that they reach unto us their hand that we, wrapping ourselves in it, may go beholding in all hours.

Also do we beg forgiveness of my Guide, my Morning Star, my Lord and my Lady. So may they know. Hear us and forgive us! May God grant you his mercy.

## 8. TO COMMENCE THE FIESTA OF THE PINOLE

napimarinháha cdun anihönapimtuda'da'r That ye are my relations there that ye are seated. napimsoi'kupi'miambi'aka hactudö'kö't Then ve not will feel anything with that ye= um'ö'rip:a amömödö r höga höga sad will feel. He there from that dio's ito''k' ip a't avipuböiamour Lord, he hither you-God our Ladv navaricxö'pitkam da'giuna hög'a which is coldness will cleanse that navaramu''umihököd kumgama.iam-Then they= which are your ceremonial arrows with. navaricko"dakam wi'cturda höga which is sickness you will quit that mökörhö'ga''gurahu'van nagamau'rna aside there that he will raise distant= kuviambiha'k'tu rda ha'cip'u'nia van within. Then not hither will finish any us will= happen hi'd'itu'ki'pságiD i'nimö natitpubaivathat we did hither= this night within here da'ra'iwa hi'di navarictö'd'o o·'hi already seat ourselves this that it is green beautiful

already seat ourselves this that it is green beautiful

navaranöi'kardam höga namaritgökoraG which is their patio that that they are ourselves.

manes.

kuxa'cumdúk'aDhö'köD ku.a'mumödö'r Then any happening with. Then there from da·'di amatö'vö'r'turd'a1 gu'gucdara they for them1 will lengthen succor health hi'ko'm natxök·ö'gamtötu'gia ku·hi'di cloud that we with will see. Then this hö'mad akamö'k ö a'pimi'ctunha'gicda ye me will pardon creation with napimarinháha cdun napimitci'va.umtá t that ve are my relations. That ye did tired yourselves feel

amumödör napimitso'soigiM there from that ye did sadly go

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Possibly should be amit—, FOR US.

napimitacihu't'ua that ye did stumble selves pain. napimit atumkó kdat that ye did already your-

pero högaköt
But that with
think.

pi'miamhacuma'k'a ye not any yourselves will=

kugamumö'dö'r namaritgö'k orag Then they there from that they are our manes a'migama.itwi'cturda amiivo'pmiGda they will raise they from us will quit navaricda'di ka'va'r navarawö'p·uivas that is health. Chimalthat is their faces namhö'kötso'sbi'da navaricko"k'dakam that they with will shield that is sickness

ci"a rwö"ta va'varip hu'r nip east beneath north west o'gipas1 o·hi tö'arici'vgo·k south 1 are seven beautiful skies= ku.a'bimödör tvaGdam amiböimu'mgiaDa Then there from they hither will bend on. hög a na'va'raci'cvoD'aD namhök'ö'itxö'that they are their plumes that they with=

that that they are their plumes that they withpictorda hoga navarha'k''da²
for us will chill that which is complete.²
kuhidi'ko'D pimictunha'gicda ku'n'Then this with ye me will pardon. Then I=

i'nimö.ha'pu.am'a'tuD napimarinha'ha'cdun here thus you give to know that ye are my relations.

dio's pïcambi'ak·a God for you will feel.

#### NOTE

This prayer is addressed by the Chief Singer to the communicants assembled to celebrate the *Fiesta* of the *Pinole*, or corn meal, at the beginning of the ceremony.

## TRANSLATION

Ye are my brethren who are seated here. Ye need on no account feel sad. For God who is our Father and our Mother will purify you from afar with your arrows, which are

 $^{1}$  Eleno gave o'gipa; Rito insisted that o'gipas was correct.

the cold. They will cast from you the pestilence which he will put far aside. No harm will come unto us this night while we are seated here in this beautiful green court of our spirits. From afar they will send us increased succor, health and clouds, that with their help we may behold.

Ye will pardon me this formula, my brethren. Ye have tired yourselves on your sad way hither; ye have stumbled and hurt yourselves. But do not on that account apprehend anything. Our spirits will protect us; they will bring health. With the *chimal*, which is their faces, will they shield us from sickness beneath the east, the north, the west and the south in the seven beautiful heavens. From there will they bend hither their plumes with which they will chill us.

With this ye will pardon me. Thus do I say unto you, my brethren. May God bless you.

## 9. TO CONCLUDE THE FIESTA OF THE PINOLE

adiu's ino'G inci'u'k tunha'giciD To God, my Father, my Morning Star. Mespardon.

a'tivatsapi'cpuinda''r'im amtánimöt We, we say here seating ourselves you begging

ha'gicdara *porki* titi'ma''wa gatui'sap pardon because we did hence already scatter that *pinole*.

kuti'cpuama''tuD bö'cir natpuindádar Then we you cause to know all that we here areseated

nati'tpua'.má'ciD hidi tukasá'git that we did already appear this night within

natitupui'niva.dára'iwa ti'cputö'maiamthat we did here already seat ourselves. We continus

sá·kcit napimargð'gur·kam ci'dú·Dkam ally you weep that ye are greatnesses fetishes

na'pimumtötöG kuha'pu.pui'cö·p that ye are named. Then thus also

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Difficult to translate.

ti'camtán há'gicdara kuvia'miD'am.tuö'ka we you beg pardon that not us over» will happen.

ku'ganavaramu''umihök'ö pimitso'sbidida Then that which are your ceremonial arrows with yesus will go shielding

hö'ga navaricko'k'dakam wöc*oras*a''ba that which is sickness all hours in

icxö'pitkamök'ö'D pi'miD'a''giuniD'a coldness with ye us will go cleansing.

kuga''gurahöwan api'minö''niD'a Then aside towards ye will cause to fly

gactónkam kuha'pu.pui'cöp ati'cumta'nim the heat. Then thus also we thee go begging

há gicdara na paritám.itci 'u'G na pu.o ídak pardon who thou art our yellow, our Morning Star that thou belongest

ci'arwö't:ahö'van na'pitpubö'iwöp'gö east beneath there that thou didst hither sends lightnings

na'pitpubö'ihi'kmaD napitpuböin'ió that thou didst hither send clouds that thou didsthither speak

na'pitpubö'it'ök hö'ganavarumnóv that thou didst hither us extend that which is thy hand.

kuha'ctu.gö'kamö'k'ö't kuvia'miD'amha'c-Then anything greatness with. Then not over us=

tuacumwáda kutiti'ctó'nimör.ba'cituháha¹ anything will happen. Then we did suddenly already make *izquite*.¹

kutiti'puma'vwá höga a''rak.úv Then we did hence already scatter that childfemale

navarum ár na pitpuböida ktá hidi which is thy daughter that thou didst hither send this

oi'dadám kugðku.ti`pumtán ha'gicdara world on. Then on this account we thee beg pardon

na'varci'vgók óʻxi töʻtvak.wötʻa that are seven beautiful skies beneath

na'pua'rgidic kutiti'cpuböidáraiwa that thou art created. Then we did hither seats

navaric.hi'dictö''do amnö'i'kardám vö'c that is this green your patio on all itha'pu.hök'ö ithio''cgihö'k'ö² havahidi.-

our jicara with our flower2 with and this=

itvá·m·uit kuʻpimiaʻmpihöʻ.sa'sar·kadiD·a our *atole*. Then ye not anywhere will discompose

ganavaramhí mda navaramní o k that which is your way that which is your word

navaramtótnorik kutiti'cto''nimör.ba''cituhá that which is your suns. Then we did suddenly already make *izquite* 

hidi amnöi'kardám kuticpuamtánim this your patio on. Then we you go begging

ha''gicdara hidi navarci'vgok pardon this which is seven

ni.'o·k·hö'kö't na`pitpubö`idak·ta word with. That thou didst hither leave

ganavarum'ár na'pitpubö'inió ci'vgok she who is thy daughter that thou didst hithers speak seven

ni'o k hököt na pitpubö ihó t hidi word with that thou didst hither send this navarictö'do amai'nigdám navaricapthat is green your petate on that is beautifuls má cim. ká t na varichi'komak navaric-

má·cim.ká·t na·varichi/komak navaricappearing, outspread, that is overclouded that isva''utak navarichi'kmat.ká·t kuha'pu.ö·p

drizzly that is beclouded, outspread. Then thus also ati'camá'tut ku'nkiha'p.í inka'ök we you cause to know. With which thus is. Me hear

naparino''G naparinda''t naparinsu''who thou art my Father, who thou art my Lady,
who thou art my=

sbidat inci'u'k *kunkidios* pöcumbi'aka Guide, my Morning Star. With which God thee feel.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! my Lord and my Morning Star. Forgive me. Seating ourselves, we beg your forgiveness, for we have scattered the *pinole*. We give you to know, all of us who here are seated, that we have this night appeared here and seated ourselves.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Nahua izquitl, TOASTED CORN.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The "flower" signifies peyole, Nahua peyoll, Echinocactus or Lophophora Williamsii.

Continually do we beseech you, ye who are called the powerful *Cidudkam*. Likewise do we beg your forgiveness, that no ill may befall us. With your arrows will ye cast from us all sickness and in all hours will ye purify us with the cold. Ye will put to flight the heat.

Likewise do we beg thy forgiveness, our Golden Morning Star who belongest beneath the east, whence thou didst send the lightnings and the clouds, whence thou didst speak and didst reach unto us thy hand with magnitude. Therefore no ill will befall us because, unbidden, we have toasted *izquite*. We have scattered the maiden who is thy daughter whom thou didst send to this world. Therefore do we beg thy forgiveness, who wast created beneath the seven beautiful heavens.

We have seated ourselves in this your green court with our *jicaras* and our *peyote* and our *atole*. Ye will not interrupt your way, your word, your days because, unbidden, we have toasted *izquite* in this your court. Therefore do we beg your forgiveness with these seven words.

Here thou didst leave thy child. Speaking the seven words thou didst send her to this thy green carpet, beautifully outspread, overcast with drizzly clouds.

Likewise do we give you to know.

So be it! Hear me! thou who art my Father, my Mother, my Guide and Morning Star. May God bless thee.

## 10. TO PREPARE THE PATIO FOR THE FIESTA OF THE MILPA CUATA<sup>1</sup>

adiu's naparinsu'sbidat inci'uk
To God that thou art my Guide, my Morning-Star,
ino''k indat anihö' napimpudadar
my Father, my Mother, there that ye areseated

<sup>1</sup> Nahua *milpa* properly signifies a cornfield; among the Tepecanos it connotes the growing corn plant. Nahua *cuate* means "twin;" Tepecano changes it to *cuata* to agree with *milpa*.

cikorhö'van ganavarictödó ama'tockardám surroundings in that which is green your seat on.

kupimi'tutmakia *lisensia* kutpu-Then ye us will give permission that we-

i'nicituha''na para natkö'tudo'da hidi here will handle in order that we decorated= will make this

navaramnöíkardám para natsapuka''iya which is your patio on in order that we mayhear

höga ni'ok'iD höga 0'B'²
that his word that stranger²
napumöhödöra.umá.gim ci'arwö'tahödör
that he afar from already comes conversing easts

beneath from.

töho v kutsapi'pu.ininö'ra hidi pixö' Then we say here will await this cave where navarictútu·k namiamit'ögia hidi that they not us will see that are dark this u'u'c.ör3 para natpugamiká hida mountains3 within in order that we may go= hearing

ganio'k'it kuvipumöhödörva''umágim that his word. Then he there from already comesreminding

pixödör natpuböiho''t ganavarógat whence that he did hither send he who is hisfather

navardö.öt para napu.intam.soiwho is his mother in order that he here sadly:

'má·cka initságit napuit*kumpa·'niara*D·a should appear here us between that he us shouldaccompany

pixö napusoi'má·cka itvö·m where that he sadly should appear us with.

kupumöhödörva''hi'm puböa'nio
Then he there from already comes hither alreadys
spoke

böawöp·gö wö·c kötui'kamököt hither already lightened all decorations with wöc·i'cvoDgiD·ököt hacnapua'r'gidic

wöc'i'cvoDgiD'ököt hacnapua'r'gidic all his plumes with. Thus as he forms

- <sup>2</sup> This is the term applied to the Mexican neighbors.
- <sup>3</sup> Montañas, WOODED HILLS; u·c signifies TREE.

napuca'pma''cim kötui'k'am bö'him that good appearing decoration comes

ganavarictödok tö'idököt pumöhödörva'that which is green garb with thence alreadys

umágim wöc'i'korhövan hacnapuci'dúdu goes counselling all surroundings thus that hoards.

kuti'puköD·ún·ahi para natpunö·ra Then we decorated ourselves will make in order that we will await

hi'di navarnöíkaran am kuvi'puböithis that is his patio on. Then hithers

du'via para natsap ukaíya ganio'kit arrives in order that we may hear that his word,

para natpunöiD·a para natputötgicdá
in order that we may see, in order that wemay repeat

höga nio'kit para natpuhi'nkoida that his word, in order that we shall cry tohim,

para natpumá·töD·a navaro'gat in order that we may give him to know who is-his father

navardö.öt natpuböiho·t hidi who is his mother that he did hither send this

oi'dadám para napurit'u'kuka¹ world on in order that he be our flesh¹₅ will

para natpuököt.gamtönöíD·a hidi in order that we with may go seeing this

oi'da.dám konkimi'puma·'töhi inka'ök world on. With which they shall know it. Me hear

ganamaringökorak wöpuhi'mdam they which are my spirits before gone on.

kuhapu.puicō·p nicata'n hagicdara Then thus also I them beg pardon.

konkidiospöcambi'ak a With which God you feel.

#### NOTE

The *Fiesta* of the *Milpa Cuata*, celebrated on the fifth of March, is rather variant from

the other three *fiestas*. It is held in a cave or rock shelter and is quite different from the others in type. As before, the Chief Singer arrives early in the evening before the others and recites this prayer to the divinities to beg permission to prepare the dance *patio* for the celebration of the *fiesta*.

The Milpa Cuata is any corn plant which grows with a forked stalk and an ear on either branch. It probably has an intimate connection with the horns of the deer. At harvest time the forked stalks are garnered with a special prayer (no. 29). They are then bound in a sheaf and preserved until this fiesta.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! my Guide, my Morning Star, my Father and my Mother, seated round about on your green throne. Ye will give us leave to work here, to adorn this your court that we may hear the words of the stranger who from afar cometh counselling from beneath the east. Here will we await him in this cave among the dark forests where the neighbors will not behold us, that we may hear his word. He cometh counselling from afar whence his Father and his Mother did send him mournfully to appear here among us and accompany us. Already he cometh; he hath spoken in the lightnings with all his adornment, with all his plumes. He cometh arrayed in his glorious green garb with which he was created, counselling on every side.

Therefore will we adorn ourselves to wait for him in this his court. Here he will arrive that we may hear his word, that we may behold him, that we may repeat his words and that we may cry unto him. We will say unto Him who is his Father and his Mother that he did send him to this world to be our flesh, that we might go beholding in this world.

Thus shall they know it. May my spirits who have gone before give ear unto me. Likewise do I beseech them. May God bless you.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The flesh of our bodies.

## II. TO COMMENCE THE FIESTA OF THE MILPA CUATA

inda't in.o'G a·diu's To God, my Lord, my Lady, hi'd·i inci'u'G tu·tha·'giciD Us pardon this my Morning Star. nío·khökö'D go·k hö'mat word with two one napimitNöídim napimaritgö"koraG that ye are our spirits that ye us go beholding vö·co'rasa''Ba nati'má cdim pihö'where= all hours in. That we go appearing natihúru ndim1 napimitnö'í.dim that we go retiring1 that ye us go beholding napimaritgö"korak vöc*oras*a'Ba That ye are our spirits all hours in. pihöna'pimago'kiptunö'pi'miambi'a'ka' where that ye to both sides= ye not will feel ku'pimi'ctutha'gicda pihö'nöikda will look. Then ye us will pardon where= natitúkaGdim pihö'naticía'dim na'pimwe go passing the night wherever that we godawning that ye= itnú·kap·a na'pimaritgö'koraG kupi'mthat ye are our spirits. Then yes us will guard iamgo·'kiptunönöik'da' kuti'camta''nim not to both sides will look. Then we you go begging ga"gurhá" pinonip.a ha''gicdara' where will cause to fly pardon aside höganavarictón'kam pinat.a'tiviamóipö where that we we not walk. that which is heat ku'pimicbö'.ituda''giuna ichö''pitkamök'öp' coldness with. Then ye hither us will cleanse ku'pimi'nô'niD'a mö·khá" hö'ga-Then ye will cause to fly distant that= ku'pimicbö'ituda'giuna navarictón'кам which is heat. Then ye hither us will cleanse. kupimicnonid a mö·khá' va'p·a·viar Then ye will cause to fly distant u"umi.hö'k'ö' pinat.a'tiviamóipö where that we, we not walk ceremonial arrows with

1 huru'n, to set in the West, related to hurnip, West.

na`varamka'va·rigð'kö'D napimbö`.ituso·'that which are your *chimales* with that ye hither=

sbidim höganavarickó'kdakam kuus go shielding that which is sickness. Then:

ga''gura.hö'vinön'iD'a ku'viamha'ctu.iD'aside will cause to fly. Ku'viamha'ctu.iD'-Then not anything us-

ám.ha'ctua'cumwáda ati'puta''ním há'over anything will occur. We go begging par

gicdara hö'ganavaritsu'sBidat itcíu'G don he who is our Guide, our Morning Star,

navarit.6·G na'pubö'it'ōk'dim who is our Father that he hither us comes extending

ganavarnóvit natpuha'ba'ntuD'ági'm that which is his hand that we in it ourselves maygo seizing

para nagama'itwic'turda höga in order that he for us will go repulsing that

navarickó'kdakam ha'pu'pïcö p tictá nim which is sickness. Thus also we go begging

há·gicdara höʻga navariD·át pardon she who is our Lady

wadalu''pi pihō napuaptu'i' Guadalupe where that she is

hö'ganavaricta'híko'm.sá'git örxöva'n that which is white cloud within, within there

napua·'rgidic höga navarci'vgo·k that she forms. That which is seven

o'xi tötvak.dám pihö'napusoi'.má'c beautiful skies on where that she sad appears.

napuböitnői'dim vö co'rasa''ba
That she hither us comes looking all hours in

natarmám·rat pihō natsoi'máma·c that we are her children where that we sad appear

iti''koraksa'giD kuvi'pubö'itnöi'dida our filthiness among. Then she hither us will comebeholding,

avi'pugama'itwi'cturda gactón'kam she from us will repulse gactón'kam

á·tiv nata·rma'mrat kuvia mid·a m.tö'ð·k·a we that we are her children. Then not us overs will happen. kumia 'mpihö'.ita 'riwa'da gapa 'r·nio'k 'dam¹ Then they not anywhere us small will make thatsbad word on¹

namarú'Nmam² ga"gurahö'van that they are foreigners.2 Aside there pi'miaso'sBidida ha'ctuicto'nkamökö't ye them will cast any heat with. hö'ganavariD'a''t bo'.itnoi'dida Hither us will go beholding she who is our Lady, böco'rasa'ban avi'puta'givida all hours with. she us will go covering má·t·ök inka'ök kunkiha'p.í With which thus is. Know! Me hear

naparinsu'sBidat inci'u'k in.o.'G that thou art my Guide, my Morning Star, mys Lord.

konkihap'í diu'spö'cumbi'ak'a With which thus is. God thee feel.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! my Father, my Mother, my Morning Star. Forgive us these few words, ye who are our spirits who do watch over us through all hours. Ye watch over us when we arise at dawn and when we retire at dusk and in all hours. Ye need not look askance, our spirits. Ye will forgive us and ye will guard us, our spirits, here where we pass the night and the dawn. Do not look askance; we beseech you, put to flight the heat, aside where we walk not. Ye will cleanse us with the cold; far away will ye put to flight the heat. Ye will come to cleanse us. With your gray arrows will ye put it to flight, far away where we walk not. And with your chimales will ve shield us from the sickness. Aside will ye put it to flight, that no ill may befall us.

We beseech him who is our Guide, our Morning Star and our Father that he reach unto us his hand that we may be gathered into it so that he may shield us from the pestilence.

Likewise do we beseech our Lady of Guadalupe, she who was created within the white cloud in the seven beautiful heavens where sadly she doth appear. Hither she looketh in all hours, beholding her children, how pitiful we appear in our sinfulness. Hither will she look upon us who are her children and will cast from us the heat. Then will no ill befall us; then will the strangers who speak strange tongues not molest us. With the heat will ye cast them aside. And she who is our Mother will watch over us and will protect us in all hours.

So may it be! Know it and hear me, thou who art my Guide, my Morning Star and my Lord. So be it. May God bless thee.

## 12. THE CALL OF THE FIESTA OF THE MILPA CUATA

hu'giangiv ha'ha'cdun gamava'tiaG Come! relations. Having bathed,

gamamsu'sak cida'rsaG kutsa'pmika'ya those your sandals having put on. Then we says hence will hear

höga' o'B' amöhödör that stranger there from

na·puamoʻrin·ogim icamba'haG örhö'd·ör that he already goes running yellow broom withinfrom

na'puwa'nio'k'im hōg'a navarictu'tuk' that he already goes speaking that which is dark

o'idak hu'rap höd or na puva'hill midway from. That he already

mörimno'gim ic'a'pkö cimdu'na'G well decorated himself having made

ci'cwoD'ökö puvatu'tuatuG gatuD his plumes with already them carries his bow

cibö·G havaga.u''uD havagana'vsogaD carries and that his arrows and that his wrist-guard.

ku'tsapmika''himöG a'möhödör Then we say hence having gone hearing there from

 $^{2}$  Used in practically the same sense as  $O^{\cdot}B^{\cdot}$  but generally collective.

<sup>1 &</sup>quot;Unintelligible."

na'puva'nio'k'im mörin'ogimöD that already goes speaking having gone running. kutsapamika'öG amina''bi ö:
Then we say hence having heard nearby. Oh!

#### NOTE

The festival of the *Milpa Cuata* has a particular extra prayer or announcement which has no counterpart in the other *fiestas*. Several times during the night's ceremony, at the end of every song, the Master of the *Fiesta*, the man who has brought the sheaf of *Milpa Cuata* and supplied the other paraphernalia for the celebration, advances to the four quarters of the dance circle, east, north, west and south in turn, in company with a small boy dressed to represent the Morning Star. Both carry stalks of the forked twin corn and raise these on high, while the Master, in a loud, joyful voice, shouts out the prayer over the hillside.

#### TRANSLATION

Come, brethren! Come cleansed and with your sandals tied! Let us go to hear the stranger who cometh hither! He cometh running from out the yellow broom-grass. He cometh speaking from the slopes of the dark hills. Beautifully arrayed with his plumes he cometh. His bow he carrieth ready, his arrows and likewise his wrist-guard. Then, having given ear to him who cometh running and speaking from afar, let us go hence. Yea!

## 13. TO CONCLUDE THE FIESTA OF THE MILPA CUATA

adio's in.o'G inda'd inci'u'G To God, my Lord, my Lady. my Morning Star. api'ctunha'gicda hidi go'k va'ik' Thou me wilt pardon this two three nanitbaivaumnö'i'pöctur(da)1 ni'.o·k· that I did hither already to thee (will) 1 recite. word

kuhi'dihö'madakamhö'kö'D apictunha'gicda Then this form with thou me wilt pardon navarumni"o.k. go'k va'ik' which is thy word two three na'nitumha'kiactur ku.inimö'd'ör.iD'a'giD'a that I did to thee tell. Then from here us will send da'diG gagö'gucdara nat(it)go'\kiptötu'gia2 the succor that we (did) 2 to both= health sides may look. ku'tiamha'ctuda.ip'am'acumdu' hi'di this

That did not anything us over already happen this tu'kipsa'giD i'nimō na'titiva.citu'k'ak' darkness within here that we did already pass the night

navaricda'dikam navarumnö'ik ardam that is health that is thy *patio* on

ha'cumdu'kaDhō'kö't kupi'puitma''kida some space of time with. Then thou to us wilt give

hö'gagu'gucdara natgamiumha'k'icturd'a that succor that we to thee will tell

navarumka'k'io't <sup>3</sup> adio's in.o''G which is thy ceremonial rabbit.<sup>3</sup> To God, my=Lord,

inda't inci'u'G kuhi'dihökö't my Lady my Morning Star. Then this with pictunha'gicda porki aviamha'thou me wilt pardon because not anyscicbai'gi'D nanma'sga'miamha''kiacturd'a

cicbai'gi'D nanma' 'sga' miamha' 'kiacturd a how can that I more to thee may tell

höga na'varum.a'r'aG *porki* that which is thy form because

hōga avaricda'ra'kam havaric'idu'that it is value and it is-

k'am höga'kö't a'via'micbai'gin treasure. That with not can.

napgamaiumtö'vör.turda höga amöhö.vi'pu.-That thou shalt lengthen that there thus-

imá·c navarumhi'Mda a'tiambiumappears which is thy way we not hither for thee=

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Probably incorrectly given in revision; future suffix is probably superfluous.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Probably incorrectly given in revision; past prefix probably superfluous.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> At the altar are placed several figures made of cooked cornmeal dough in the form of rabbits.

bö'p·a·uwda itki'kiturda¹ kuhi'di' may equal our.....¹ Then this api'citma'k·ia gu'gucdara nat(it)thou us wilt give succor that we (did)²₂ go'kiptötu'gia² to both sides may look.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! thou who art my Father, my Mother, my Morning Star. Thou wilt forgive me these few words which I have spoken unto thee. With this formula, with these few words of thine which I have recited unto thee, thou wilt pardon me. Thou wilt send us health, thy succor, that we may behold about us. No harm hath come unto us in the darkness; here have we passed the night in health, a short time on this, thy court. Thou wilt give thy succor, which is thy rabbit, to us who have prayed unto thee. Hail! my Lord, my Lady, my Morning Star.

Thou wilt pardon me this for I cannot recite to thee more of thy formula, for it is rare and dear. It may not be. Thou lengthenest thy way which here appears and we may never complete it. Thou wilt give us succor, that we may behold all.

## 14. TO LEAVE THE OFFERINGS IN THE HILLS

adiu's anihö' napimputuda'da'r
To God hereabouts that ye are seated
ci'korhö'wan hasnaci'dúdu
vicinity there as that hoards.
kuticpuböhí'möt to'nimöra'ciamnio'k'idim
Then we hither were coming suddenly already toyou go speaking.

pero pi'miamha'c.uma'k'a pi'mica'p'tum-But ye not any will think. Ye in them yourselves<sup>2</sup> da'gia ganamaritgö'k'orak.ap'<sup>a</sup> kuha'will seize they that are our spirits in. Then<sup>2</sup>

pu.pui'c.ö.p. pimi'cata'nida ha'gicdara thus also ye them will go begging pardon para napimiampihö'.ci·t·ö'gia aticpuböhí·möt that ye not anywhere us will ignore. hither were coming pubi'amnámö'kdam hi'di ha'vuhökö'p hither you paying this jícara with ha'va hi'di so'so'B kupimitutand this bead. Then ye us= ha'gicda napimpurkiö'kam hi'di will pardon that ye are dwellers this oi'da.a''ba natitpubö'idáda hi'di hill at that we did hither arrive this amnöi'kardám na'titpui'n.igö'gu your patio on that we did here stay. kutö'maiamtán ha'gicdara pi'm-Then continually you beg pardon. Ye= iambi'aka pihö' napimsoi'mö'rip'a not will feel anywhere that ye sad will feel na'pimago'kiptönö'nöiD'a ha'pu.pui'c.ö·p· that ye to both sides will look. Thus also pi·mi`cata'nia ha''gicdara gana'maritye them will beg pardon they who are ours gö''k·orak ha'cnat.a'tiv.amtánim ha'gicdara as that we, we you go begging pardon hidita'kugumökö't porki avia'mthis fragment with because it not= ha'cicba'ík hacnatma's.ama'töna as that we more you will cause to= anyhow can know. konki'hapí pim·a'tök inka'ök With which thus is. Ye know, me hear. konkidio'spöcama'ri'dak'am³

### NOTE

After the conclusion of the *fiestas*, particularly after that of the rain, messengers are sent to the sacred places at the four cardinal directions around Azqueltán with *jicaras* decorated with beads and other ceremonial objects which they leave there as presents

With which God you smallness.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Incomprehensible; informant was neither able to translate nor suggest revision.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Probably incorrectly given in revision; past prefix probably superfluous.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Difficult to translate.

to the divinities of the localities, after reciting this prayer.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! ye who are seated round about. Unbidden have we come here to speak unto you. But do not apprehend anything. Ye must be possessed of them who are our spirits. Also must ye beg their forgiveness, that ye may nowhere ignore us. We have come hither to pay you with this *jicara* and these beads, that ye may forgive us, ye who are the spirits of this hill, because we came here and stayed on this your court. Continually do we ask your forgiveness. Be not sad. Neither look askance. Ye must beg pardon of our spirits like as we now beg yours with this fragment, for we cannot tell you more.

So be it. Know it and hear me! May God be as a Father unto you.

## 15. TO BEG PERMISSION TO ENTER A SACRED PLACE

to"nimör.vacituadiosum aticböhi'möp To God. We hither came suddenly already= pero anicböhiмdap ha·'nim högakö't handling but that with I hither was coming amta'nim ha'gicdara kuhöga'kön Then that with you begging pardon. pimiambi'aka napimago'kip tönö'nöiGda ye not will feel obliged that ye to both sides will= look. kuga''gur.ahö'van pimi.iu·'rnid·a Then aside there ye will go lifting gacko'k'dakam högacto'nkam hava that heat and that sickness pimi.ip·a'giuna havawö'cichöpitkam.hö'kö'D and all cold with ve us will cleanse. ga'navaramu"umi ganavaramka'kvarak They which are your ceremonial arrows they=

ganavaric-

that which is=

which are your chimales

that ye with us go shielding

napimpuhö'kö't.itso'sbidim

ko'k'dakam kuxa'pu.pwic.ō'p pimiamsickness. Then thus also ye not will= bi'ak'a napimsoi'mö'riD'a kuticböhimöt feel obliged that ye sad yourselves will feel. Then= we hither came

amta'nim lisensia para you begging permission in order nat.i'nituha''na kupimiamitnö'id'uk'á that we here may handle. Then ye not us will ignore. kupimicma''kam xö'p'ör kunö'n'ina Then ye give winds. Then will cause= to fly ga'gurahö'van kupimpuma'tön tunaside there. Then ye know. Me= adio's ha'giciD naparinsu'sbidap

pardon. To God that thou art my Guide, inci'u'k in.o''k my Morning Star, my Father.

#### NOTE

This prayer is spoken by anyone who enters a ceremonial *patio* or other sacred place for any purpose; particularly when coming to begin a religious performance or *fiesta*.

### TRANSLATION

Hail! Unbidden have we come hither to arrange, but on that account I have come to crave your forgiveness. Do not therefore look askance. To one side will ye put away the heat and the pestilence and with all the cold will ye purify us. With your arrows and with your *chimales* will ye shield us from sickness. So ye need not feel sad. We have come hither to beg your leave to perform here. Do not refuse us. Ye will send your winds and will put to flight all ills. Know this and forgive me.

Hail! thou who art my Guide, my Morning Star, my Lord.

## 16. TO BEG PERMISSION TO LEAVE A SACRED PLACE

adiu's na'parino''k naparinci'u'k
To God that thou art my Father, that thou arts
my Morning Star,

naparinda''t anihö'napimpuda'da'r Hereabouts that yethat thou art my Mother. are seated hasnacidúdu ha'gicdara ni'cpu.amtánim as that hoards. I you come begging pardon napimaringö''korak wöpuhímdam anihö' that ye are my manes before go on. Hereabouts na'pimpudádar ganavarica'p.ma'mcim that ye are seated that which is well appearing am.a"tockar.dám anihö' napimpumyour seat on. Hereabouts that ye yourselves: na'mö'k' ci'korxovan navarci'vgo k oʻ'hi encounter vicinity there that are seven beautiful pihö' tö'tvakdam napimpuwhere skies on that ye= a'r'gidic ganavarictö'dog am·ai'nikdám That which is green your petate on create. navarica'pma'cimká't navaricvi'g'ikam that is well appearing outspread that is..... na'.icva''utakat.ká't icxa'duk'am that was drizzling, outspread . . . . . . . . . . napuböixi'kmat pixödör that hither clouds up where from natpubö'.inio' na'tpuböiwöpgö na'that did hither lighten that did hither speak. That= na'pumöhö'puamöhö'dör.apum.a'gim there from already goes conversing that there= dörmörin ogim ganavaritsu'sBidat from comes running she that is our Guide itci'u'k it.o''k ip·a·'t ati'cour Morning Star, our Mother. our Father, We= ha'gicdara kuvi'tutputa'n pardon. Then us will= beg ha'gicda hidita'kugumökö't **porki** pardon this fragment with because a'tiv.iamha'cicba'ík natawopau da porki we not anyhow can that we them will equal because ti'carici'k'orak'am porki iti'kradökö't we are vile because our filthiness with ti'cputsoB'dím puva'm.hacicba·ik· we ourselves go obstructing not anyhow can natawopa·u·da ganavarahi''mda that we them will equal that which is their way

navarato't norik kugö'kuti'puata'n which are their suns. Then therefore we them beg ha'gicdara pixö' nampuda'da'r pardon where that they are seated nampubö'itnö.ít wöc*oras*a''ba intám that they hither us behold all hours in. Here natpuda"Rim ticputö'maiasa''kcit pihö' that we go sitting we continually to them= weep where natitpua"mácit navaranöí'kardá'm that we did already appear that is their patio on navarica'p.ma'citká't navaricta' mai'that is well appearing, outspread that is white petate= pihö'dör nikwöta napuihi'k mat where from beneath that clouds up. ticputö'mai.am'a'turit ganavarci'vgo·k We continually them cause to know that which= is seven o'hi tö'tvakwöt'a kumi'tuthá gicda beautiful skies beneath that they us will= pardon hidi takugumökö't bá·barip· fragment with. this North hu'rnip o'gipas hidi'kö't south west this with ip·a 'mahöwan nampubö.itnö.ít pihödör that they hither us observe over us there where= from nampuböit·ö'kdim ganavarumnóv1 **p**ara that they hither us go extending that which is thy= hand 1 in order natpuha'bantun'ágimöt gamtunöídida that we in it ourselves having enfolded may go= beholding wöc*orasa'*'ba kuha'ctuicto'nkam all hours in. Then any heat naböma'gida ga''gurahö'mi.u'r'nida that hither will come announcing aside hence will= go thrusting. navaraka'k'varhök'ö't hö'ga That which are their chimales with navarau''umihök·ö't mipuitso'B'ida they us will go shielding which are their ceremonial= arrows with

<sup>1</sup> Probably error for -anóv, their hand.

mi'puga'gurahönöniDa gacto'nkam wö.c they aside there will cause to fly that heat icxö'pitkamököt mi.ip·a'giunida cold with they us will go cleansing ganamaritgö'korak böpuhímdam that which they are our manes before go on ci"a rwöt ahö napua'r.gidic navaritci'ug which is our= east beneath there that create Morning Star. konki'hapí ma'tök inka'ök With which thus is. Know: me hear.

kudiospöcumbi'aka<sup>1</sup> That God thee will sympathize.<sup>1</sup>

#### NOTE

This prayer is spoken after the termination of a *fiesta*, the following morning when the communicants are about to depart, or when one who has come alone to a sacred place for any purpose desires to leave.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! my Father, my Morning Star, and my Mother who are seated round about. I come to beg your forgiveness, my spirits who have gone before. Round about are ye seated on your pleasant throne. Round about are ye met in the seven beautiful heavens where ye were created. On your green carpet, beautifully o'erspread with rain and drizzle, whence come the clouds, the lightnings and the voice, cometh running and counselling he who is our Guide, our Morning Star, our Father and our Mother.

We beg their pardon and they will forgive us this portion for we cannot equal them. For we are vile and with our filthiness do we obstruct ourselves; we may not equal their ways, their days. Therefore do we beg their pardon, where they are seated, watching us in all hours. Sitting here we do continually beseech them, having appeared in this

<sup>1</sup> Possibly *-ambi'aku*, you will sympathize; this final phrase is very frequent and difficult to interpret precisely. It probably carries some esoteric significance.

their sacred place, beautifully outspread, beneath their white carpet whence spring the clouds. Continually do we, beneath the seven beautiful heavens, tell them that they must forgive us this fragment.

From above us do they watch us from north, west and south whence they reach unto us their hand that we, wrapping ourselves in it, may go beholding through all hours. They will thrust aside whatever heat may draw near. With their *chimales* will they shield us, with their arrows will they put to flight the heat and with all manner of cold will they purify us, our spirits who have gone before to beneath the east where was created our Morning Star.

So be it; know it and hear me! May God bless you.

## 17. TO DELIVER THE FIRE TO THE CARE OF ITS GUARDIAN

esta' mui bien apiampum.a'gaD It is very well, thou not wast thinking putudá·kat kuto''nimör.puba.ciumnio'k·it seated wast that suddenly hither already thees speak.

kupica'ptumda'gia höga namaritgö'k'orak Then thou in them thyself wilt seize that that they are our manes

wöpuhímdam apiamago'kiptönönöikda before go on. Thou not in two places wilt look.

ati'cpumta'n há gicdara apia mhacuma 'ka We thee beg pardon. Thou not any wilt think

hactugökamö'köt pica'ptumda'gia anything greatness with.

seize pica'ptumda'gia
Thou in him thyself wilt=

it.oʻGa'ba kupsapipuiʻntámnöíDʻa our Father in. Then thou say here wilt look

höganavarito' G natpubö'i.ci'cvot amöhödör he that is our Father that did hither raises plumes. There from

pixodor natpuboʻixoʻt ganavaroʻgad where from that he did hither send he who is his-Father

ci"arwötahö" napuo'idak navarita'm east beneath there that he belongs who is our vellow itci'u'G ganavarno'vit napubö.it ök dim our Morning Star that he hither us comes exthat which is his hand tending gamtönö ídim natpuha'ban.tup'ágimöt that we in it ourselves having seized going beholding wöc*oras*a''ba kuti'pumtán há gicdara all hours in. Then we thee beg pardon. kupitutha'gicda hidi navarictuma'm Then thou us wilt pardon. This that is five o'hi tötvakwöta natpubö'iwöpgö beautiful skies beneath that did hither lighten natpuixi'k mat natpubö'.inió' amöhödör that did hither speak. There from that did cloud up navarci"a:rwöta xu·'r·nip ba'varip which is east beneath north west ci'korhô oímörimök o'gipa anihö vicinity there walking south. Hereabouts kutipuaka·'himök namarmám·rat them hearing that they are his children. Then did= kuvia'mhacumdú'kat i'nihövadu'viá here already arrive. Then not anything itself was: making. api'tutha'gicda hidi hö'mat

Thou us wilt pardon this one go·k vai'k ni'.o·khökö't *porki*atiamha'-

two three word with because we not scieba·iG natma'sum·a'töD·a ganavarni'ok·it anyhow can that we more thee will cause to know that which is his word

högansu'sbidat inci'u'k in.o''G porki she my Guide, my Morning Star, my= Father, because

a'ni.ina''ba.ti'pua'p.ú'r' porkianti'I me in did also remain because I did=
amnu''k'tur höga navara'r'gat
not guard that which is his creation.

kugö'k'u nipuia'm'at Then therefore I not know

hacna'numto'da apicapma'mcimpucxo'hi what that I thee shall say; thou well appearings desirest ica ʻpicdáDpam peroavia ʻmha ʻcicba ʻíg
well explained but not anyhow can.
haputu'ki ʻp nicga ʻmup ʻtön öʻ ít
Thus darkness I also behold

pero ma'skise'a hidi takúgumököt but more than might be this fragment with ani'cpuma'tup kupiama'cum'a'k'a I thee cause to know. Then thou not any wilt think;

pica''aptumda'gia ganamaritgökorak thou in them thyself wilt seize they who are ourmanes.

konkihapö'gia nicum a'tuD With which thus only I thee cause to know.

kumsapic*dios*pöcumbi'ak'a kupsapan'u'k'-Then they say God thee will sympathize. Then thou

turda ganavarata'ík' ganamaritgökorak say for them wilt guard that which is theirfire they that are our *manes* 

anihö' namda'dá'r navaricapma''cim hereabouts that they are seated that is well= appearing

a'tockardám hidi navaramn öikardám¹ seat on this which is your¹ patio on.

konkidiuspöcumbi'ak'a With which God thee sympathize.

### NOTE

After the *Cantador* has prepared the fire for the *fiesta* and is ready to commence the ceremonies, he goes up to one of the men present, whom he has decided upon to be Guardian of the Fire (*ci'ciktio*"t), and addresses him as follows. Thereafter no one but him may touch the fire.

#### TRANSLATION

It is well that thou, seated there, didst not dream that of a sudden I would speak unto thee. Thou must be possessed by them who are our spirits who have gone before. Look not askance; we beg thy forgiveness. Neither be vain. Thou shalt be possessed of our Father. Thou must here watch for him

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Possibly should be -anöikar, THEIR PATIO.

who is our Father who here hath raised his plumes.

From there beneath the east where he belongeth, whence he, his father, did hither send our Golden Morning Star, he now cometh, reaching unto us his hand that we, wrapping ourselves in it, may go beholding Thus do we beg thy through all hours. pardon and thou must forgive us. Beneath these five beautiful heavens did he send his lightnings and his voice. From afar come the clouds beneath the east, the north, the west and the south, where wander and hearken his children. Here they arrived but nothing befell.

Thou wilt forgive us these few words, for we cannot teach thee more the Word of my Guide, my Morning Star, and my Father. For it remaineth within me, because I have not obeyed his commandment. Therefore I know not what I shall say unto thee; thou desirest it beautiful and clearly explained, but thus it cannot be. For in darkness I also grope, but nevertheless do I teach thee this fragment. Be not offended; thou must be gathered unto them who are our spirits. Thus only do I give thee to know; may God bless thee. Thou must guard the fire of our spirits who are seated round about on their pleasant seat in this their court. May God bless thee.

### 18. TO CURE THE SICK

adio's ino''k abimö napaptu'i' that thou art To God, my Father. There navaric'ivgo'k o'hi höga that which are seven beautiful tö'tvakdám naparicidu''kam that thou art treasure. skies on abimöhödör napitbai'vahí napitumtö''t that thou didst thyself name There from thou didst hither already come

hidi navarum ai'niGdam napitapdu' this that is thy *petate* on. That thou didstalready also do

ku.i'na hidi mai'ndam tuvolunta'd thy will then here this petate on kumu tö'tvaGdám kunapaitma'k skies on. Then that thou us givest umgö'gucdara vöc to'nora''ba thy succor all sun at. kup(it)bai'itma'kia1 umci'v api'ctun-Then thou (didst)1 hither us will give Thou= ha'gicda umta'giv vacitu'D'a me wilt pardon thee before already will dance. ku.i'ni apictunha'gicda borke thou me wilt pardon Then here because nicarici''krakam kupictunha 'gicda I am filthiness. Then thou me wilt pardon. nati.i'akia' kupiamip·a'k·ta·ka Then thou not us wilt permit that we shall fall. apiamvi'ak'a hactudö'kö anything with Thou not wilt feel api.ip.a'gip.a napasa'sa'rkadida vöc that thou wilt go withdrawing. Thou us wilt send all icko'k'dakam² ame'n sickness.2 Amen.

### NOTE

Disease among the Tepecanos was commonly treated by a priest-doctor by ceremonial and magic means. The patient is laid on his back, the doctor standing at his feet. He blows tobacco smoke to the four winds and recites one of several prayers in a low voice. Five puffs of smoke are then blown on the invalid's hands, feet and forehead. The body is then stroked vigorously from the extremities to the center of pain and the latter is subjected to a vigorous suction. Thick spittle, blood, or a tangible object is extracted. The first is proof of affliction by a *chan*, a mythical water-serpent, the second of affliction by the spirits of the dead, the last of witchcraft. The object

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Probably incorrectly given; past prefix probably superfluous.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Undoubtedly error for icxö'pitkam, THE COLD.

extracted is then rubbed and palmed until it disappears.

Smoke is then blown five times on the affected part and the cure is effected. The shaman rinses his mouth well and recites the prayer again to the west, whence the evil spirits flee. If the individual is very sick, a different prayer is repeated every third day.

The following prayer is of doubtful value. Together with no. 26 it was given to me to show the lack of antagonism between the old Tepecano and the Catholic religions, and was termed the "Our Father." The informant constantly compared the Christian prayer while giving it. It was originally claimed to be a prayer to beg permission to enter a sacred place.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! my Father who art in the seven beautiful heavens. Thou art dear. From there where thou wast named, thou didst come to this thy carpet. Thou didst thy will here on this earth as in the heavens. Thou givest us thy succor daily. Thou wilt give it us now. Thou wilt pardon me; before thee will we dance. Thou wilt forgive me for I am vile. Thou wilt not allow us to fall. Thou needst on no account hold aloof. Thou wilt send us all the cold. Amen.

### 19. TO CURE ONE VERY ILL

adios in.o'G inda't inci'u'k amumödör To God, my Father, my Mother, my Mornings Star. There from

napivo'pmiGda na·'varumu''umi ha'ba·nthat thou wilt raise which are thy ceremonials arrows whences

napgamihi'komaGda dör na'pufrom that thou cloudest. That thou= hö'köt.inö'nip a navaricko"k dakam with wilt cause to fly which is sickness ga''gura.hovan apip·a'gip·a gö'gu'cdara aside to. Thou us wilt send succor

nagamupkitötu'gia ica'pum.ordap that he again soon may see well himself may feel. ku'.avi'amibiha''tuD'a.da'maN.a'cumdu'nia Then not hither anything above already will make. kupipuso'sbid·a icko'k'dakam Then thou wilt repulse sickness na'varicda'di k'ava<sup>r</sup> navarumbu'p uivas which is health chimal which are thy faces= hö'köD cík or navarumtöt·vagiwöp'ta with vicinity which are thy skies beneath ci'a rwöt a ba'barip hu'Rnip east beneath north ogipas kuhi'dihö'madakamhö'köt south. Then this creation with api'ctunha'gicda höga na'varum'ár thou me wilt pardon that who is thy child. dios in.o''G inda't inciuk God. my Morning= my Father, my Mother, Star.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! thou who art my Lord, my Lady, my Morning Star. From afar thou wilt raise thy arrows whence come the clouds. With them wilt thou put to flight the sickness. Thou wilt send us succor, that this invalid soon again may behold and feel himself well. No evil must come upon him. Thou wilt repel the sickness with the health of thy chimal, which is thy face, round about beneath thy heavens to east, north, west and south. With this formula thou wilt pardon me, who am thy son.

Hail! my Father, my Mother, my Morning Star.

### 20. TO CURE ONE ON POINT OF DEATH

adiu's naparinsu'sBidat inci'u'k
To God, that thou art my Guide, my Mornings
Star,

in.q·'G navarci'vgok ohi my Father that are seven beautiful tötvakdám pihö na'pudá skies on where that thou art seated.

napubö'itnði'dim napuböit'ö'kdim That thou hither us comest beholding that thous hither us comest extending
gana'varumnóv navarumtó'N natpu- that which is thy hand which is thy foot that wes
ha'bantuD'a'gia <i>para</i> natga'mtunöíd'ida in it ourselves will envelop in order that we will go beholding
hidi gok vaik tótnor pihö this two three suns where
na'pitpubö'in'ákta hi'di oi'dadám that thou didst hither us leave this world on
na'tpuga'mtunöídim <i>porki</i> a'tiv tu'ki-p That we going beholding because we darkness
ti`cgamtunöʻídim nataric.í·k·orak·am we going beholding that we are vile
it.i·'kra'dö'kut ticputsóBdim kuvitöka our filthiness with we ourselves go obstruct- ing. Then above=
umbö ya gactónkam kuvi- self will raise that heat. Then wills
xö·pria hidickó'ok·am kuti'cpumtán recover this sick one. Then we thee beg
há·gicdara hidi go·k pardon this two
va'ik ní.q'k'hōk'ö't kupi'puso''sbid'a three word with. Then thou wilt go repulsing
ganavarictónkam umu'umihōk·ö't that which is heat thy ceremonial arrows with
umka'k varðkö't hasnaci'dúdu thy <i>chimales</i> with thus that hoards.
kupia'mago''kiptunönöikda pi'cpubö'.it'ökda Then thou not to both sides wilt look thou hithers us wilt extend
höganavarumnóv para natwöc.oras that which is thy hand in order that we all hourse
ába·n.tuD·ágida kuya·miD·am.ha·ctu- in us will go seizing. Then not over us anythings
a'cumwá'da kuwö''c.ichō'pitkamök'ö't.pubö'- itself will make. Then all cold with hithers
iD'ágiuni'da naparindá't kuvixðpria us will come cleansing who is our Mother.

Then will recover

hidickó.o.k.am kunkiha''p.í nicumtá·n With which thus is. this sick one. I thee beg gó·k· há gicdara hi'di hö'mat pardon this one two nío·k·hôk·ö't cí'arwö't'ahö' word with. East beneath there nap·um.á·r'git va·'varip hú·r·nip that thou thyself formest north west hidi'köiD'ám'öhö o'gipa na'pudá south that thou art= this with over us there seated navarci'vgok ohi tötvakdám that are seven beautiful skies on napubö.itnöít wöco'rasa'ba kuhapu.puícop that thou hither us observest all hours in. thus also há gicdara kuvi'ti'cpumta'n we thee beg pardon. Then= högackó'ok'am pugamupkitötő gia höga again soon will behold that sick one. That navarumu'umihök·ö'D napidá giuna which are thy ceremonial arrows with that thou= wilt cleanse; gacko"k'dara kuga''gura.xö'pi.iú'rna then aside there wilt cast that sickness. kua'viamimu'k'ia hidickó'ok'am this sick one. Then he not will die nic.um·átut *kunki*ha'p högia With which thus only thee cause to know na'parin.ó·k naparinsu'sBidat that thou art my Father. that thou art my Guide, inci'u'k konkidiospöcumbi'aka my Morning Star. With which God thee will-

### NOTE

sympathize.

This is the last resort of the shaman, recited when the patient is nearly on point of death. The accompanying treatment is the same as for the other prayers.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! thou who art my Guide, my Morning Star and my Father who art seated in the seven beautiful heavens. Thence thou

watchest us and reachest unto us thy hand and thy foot that we may be held in them and go beholding these few days in this world where thou didst leave us. In darkness we grope for we are vile and with our filthiness do we obstruct ourselves.

The heat must take itself hence that this invalid may recover. With these few words do we beg thy forgiveness. Thou wilt repel the heat with thy arrows and with thy chimales. Do not look askance. Thou must reach unto us thy hand that we may be gathered into it in all hours. Then will no evil befall us. With all manner of cold will our Lady purify us. Then will this invalid recover. So be it. With these few words do I beg thy forgiveness. Thou who wast created beneath the east, the north, the west and the south art seated above us in the seven beautiful heavens whence thou watchest us in all hours.

Thus do we beg thy pardon. Soon will this invalid see again. With thy arrows wilt thou cleanse him; thou wilt cast aside the affliction that he may not die. This only do I say unto thee, my Lord, my Guide, my Morning Star. May God bless thee.

## 21. TO CURE ONE SICKENED BY THE SPIRITS OF THE DEAD

adio's naparicmu'k am nap·u.oí'dak To God that thou art Death that thou pertainest oi'dawö'p'ta navarumictödog world beneath that is thy green ma·i'nik.wö't·a napimpurickoí'k'am petate beneath. That ye are the dead pihö wan ganavaricta' amku'rar.ör where that which is white your corral in pihö napimpuoídag kuni'camta'n where that ye pertain. Then I you beg ha'gicdara kupimiampihö'.tunko'k'datuD'a pardon. Then ye not anywhere me will cause to: be sick,

nia'ni ninfami'lia pero neither T nor my family. but wöc ichöpitkamökö't pimipuböin-All cold with ve hither me will come= da'giunida kuga''gura pimi.iu'rnida cleansing. Then aside ve will go casting. kuvia'mindám.ha'ctu.indama'cumwa'da Then not over me anything over me itself will make. kupimia'mpihötunko'k'datup'a Then ye not anywhere me will cause to be sick. That= which is great pihö' tö'tvakdám na'pu.ambi'á skies on where that he you holds höga navarit.o.'k. ganavariD'a't who is our Father she that is our Mother he napubö'.it'ök'dim ganavarno'vit that he hither us comes extending that which is= his hand natpuha'bantup a'gim kuwö'c.icxö'pitkam that we in it us seizing. Then all cold avi'pubö'.ip.a'giuna na'varit.o'G barahe hither us will cleanse that is our Father in= order hi'di natpugamtönöí.dida oi'da.dám that we may go beholding this world on. kuyamha'ctu.ip'ám.ha'cumwa'da Then not anything over us any itself will make. kupimimöm·.u'rin·ka höga navaramku'-Then ye hither yourselves will cast that which= krus.avúi navaramö·kaD·a pixö' are your crosses with which is your shadow where napimpu.a'r'gidic navaramictö'do that ye are formed which is your green am·ainik.wö't·a pihö' napimpua'r'gidic your petate beneath where that ye are formed höga navaramhi'komsa'git pihö' that which is vour cloud between where nampu.ambiá ganamaritgökorak that they you possess they who are our manes wö'puhi'mdam nampubö'it'ö'k'dim before go on. That they hither us come extending navara.a"rak öxiq nampuhökönböiwhich is their form where that they with hither=

oʻxi a'r'gidic ganavarci'vgo'k they which are seven beautiful are formed gatgö'korak nampuda''dar tö'tvak.dám that our manes that they are seated skies on ga.anöí'k ar napurica'p·ma'cimká·t that their patio. that is well appearing, spread out ha'gicdara kuha'pu.pïc.ö.p. ti'cupata'n pardon we also them beg Then thus also nampuanihö'dá'dar ganamarickoí'k am that they hereabouts arethey who are the dead seated kuga''gurahöwan awo'poi.dám their paths on. Then aside there mi'm.u'rin'ka kuhi'diköp ami'tun-Then this with they me= they selves will cast. ha'gicda konki'hap.í ni'c.am'a'tut kumi'-I them= will pardon. With which thus is cause to know that: konkidios pöcambi'ak'a tunha 'gicdán With which God vou will= they me will pardon.

#### NOTE

sympathize.

After death, at least before Christian times, a person became a puff of wind, wandering over the world and sickening those with whom it came into contact. When the priest-doctor's diagnosis showed sickness caused by the spirits of the dead, this being determined by the extraction of blood in the sucking examination, the following prayer was recited to cause the spirit to quit the body it was afflicting. The same prayer was also spoken to drive away a persistent haunting spirit.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! thou who art Death. Thou belongest beneath the ground, beneath thy green carpet. And ye who are the Dead in your white fields where ye belong, I beg your forgiveness. Ye must not sicken me, neither myself nor my family. With all manner of cold will ye purify me; to one side will ye cast the sickness, that no ill may befall me. Ye must not afflict me.

From the great heavens where he who is our Father and our Mother holdeth you, he reacheth unto us his hand that we may be gathered into it. With all the cold will he, our Father, cleanse us, that we may go beholding in this world. Then will no evil befall us.

Ye must take yourselves hence to your crosses, your shadows, where ye were created, beneath your green carpet where ye belong. There within your cloud are ye held by our spirits who have gone before. From the seven beautiful heavens where they are seated in their pleasant broad court our spirits stretch unto us their forms in which they were created.

Likewise do we beg forgiveness of the Dead who are seated round about on their accustomed paths. They must take themselves hence. Thus will they forgive me; I warn them that they must forgive me.

May God have pity on you.

### 22. TO SEIZE DEATH

insu'sBidaD adio's naparin.o.'k that thou art my Father, my Pro-To God tector, ani'cho'hi' nda·'D inci'u'k my Mother. I desire my Morning Star, ku'piböin.tö'k'da gana'varumno''v para that thou hither me wilt extend that which is thy: in order hand natuma'p'tuda'gia para na'.itwi'.um'a'cda in order that she= that we thee in will seize with us herself will appear naD'ágia gacmú·k·ik·am para that we shall seize in order that Death ha'cnapumá'r'giD anihö' wo'poidám as that she is= hereabouts paths on

formed

ci'korhöwan ha'snapu.oí.mör ci''arvicinity there as that she walks. Eastswöt'ahö napuoídak amuhödör beneath there that she belongs there from

navarit.o'G natpuböixó·t hö'ga that he did hither send that who is: our Father bara na'puitu''k'atök'da para in order that she us carried shall place in order natoumá kira kwe'nta diu's höga that we shall go to give that God report it.o''k ha'cnatputuvwá hi'di our Father how that we do this oi'dadám kuha'puti'cuptán world on. Then thus we also beg há·'gicdara navarit.o'G höga pardon that who is our Father lise''nsia kuvi'putmák'ia barathat he us shall give permission in order anihödör napa'gia gacmú·k·ikam that we shall seize that Death hereabouts= na'pubö'umágim anihö' na'puoíörm

that she hither comes conversing hereabouts thats she walks

ci'korhövan hasnaci'dúdu na'pua.ú'k'atök'

ci'korhôvan hasnaci'dúdu na`pua.ú·k·atök· vicinity there as hoards that she them carrying places

ganamarma'mrat kuti'cxó'xi kuvia'mkitthey that are his children. Then we desire thatshe not-

pa'ro'nda *porki* tisör'kam na'tparó soon us shall maltreat because we many that shedid maltreat.

kuti'cputa'n há gicdara gat.o·'k Then we beg pardon that our Father

gan·a·'n kuvi`pubö`it·ök·da ganavarnóvit that our Mother that he hither us will extend that» which is his hand

ganavartó·nat *para* natpwa'bantuD·a'gia that which is his foot in order that we in it= ourselves shall seize

natia'mpihö'tuko'k'orda kuvi'putMa'kia that we not anywhere ourselves will sicken. Thenhe us will give

gani'ók'it para naya'mpihöit'u''k'atök'da that his word in order that she not anywheres us carried shall place. kuti'ho''tsa kuhímia pihö that will go Then we will dispatch her where napu.a'r'gidic naputunúk ap that she is formed that she guards gana'varahu'k'uG ganamaritgök orak that which are their torches they who are our manes nampubö'.itnöídim orasá'ha wöc that they hither us watch all hours in na'tica'pitö'r.dap.imá'c.dida a'nihö' that we well ourselves shall feel will go appearing hereabouts

nat.o''ipu gana'varictö'dok ma''inikdám that we walk that which is green petate on.

kuya'mpihö.'it'a''ri.wa'da kuhapu.pï'.o'p' Then not anywhere us small will make. Then thusalso

ti'ctá'n há'gicdara ganavarci'vgok we beg pardon that which is seven

o'hi tö'tvakdám pihö' napudá beautiful skies on where that is seated

gana'varit.q'k gana'variD'a''D he that is our Father, she that is our Mother.

ti'cpum'â'tuD kuya'mpihö'.itpáro'nda We cause to know that not anywhere us shall= maltreat

natarma'mrat konkidius pöcambi'ak'a that we are his children. With which God you willsympathize.

### NOTE

When there has been a great deal of sickness and many deaths among the Tepecanos, the five principal men of the village meet and hold a consultation. They decide that the Death Goddess has been too active and must be sent hence. They therefore undergo an ablutionary fast of five days. At midnight on the fifth day they meet in the graveyard and together recite in a low voice the following prayer, begging permission of the higher Gods to seize the Death Goddess and send her away. They all carry their bows and arrows. One remains in the town while the other four seek to the four winds. One of them encounters the Death Goddess in

the form of a mortal woman and bids her begone and not molest them more.

The information volunteered to the effect that each person has a lighted candle in heaven, representing his spirit, and that the Death Goddess goes about snuffing them out, is probably of Christian origin.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail, O God, thou that art my Father and Mother, my Guide, and Morning Star! I beseech thee, stretch forth thy hand that it lay hold upon us. Then will the Goddess Death herself appear before us that we may seize her as she walketh about on her accustomed paths. She belongeth beneath the east whence our Father has sent her to carry us hence, so that we may give report to Him, our God and Father, of how we have acted in this world.

Likewise do we beseech of our Father that he give us leave to seize the Death Goddess, she who cometh whispering, stalking about and carrying off his children. We ask that she shall not harm us as already she has harmed so many.

Likewise do we beg of our Lord and Lady that he stretch forth his hand and his foot so that we may be upheld and not be sickened. He will give us his word that she shall not carry us away. We will send her where she belongeth where she guardeth the torches of our spirits who watch us through all hours. Then will we be well here where we wander on the green carpet. Then will we never be decreased.

Also do we beg forgiveness of our Lord and Lady seated in the seven beautiful heavens. We will let the Death Goddess know that nothing shall harm us who are the children of the Father.

May God bless you.

### 23. TO PLACATE THE CHANES

adiu's.um su'di.ör o'oik'am¹
To God, water within chanes¹

na'pimpumtötök' anihö napimpuda'dar that ye are named that ye are= hereabouts seated na'pimputunú'nkat navarahi'höga which is their= that ye guard that bopuhí mdam komag ganamaritgö''koraG cloud they who are our manes before go on. ci'korxovan anihö nampuda'dar Hereabouts that they are seated vicinity= there ha'cnaci'dúdu kuticbö'hí·möt amtánim Then we hither were coming as that hoards. begging konkiha'pí mátök. hágicdara pardon. With which thus is. Know! pimiam.pixö.in·öid·uk·a niganfami'lia nor that my family Ye not anywhere me will ignore i·'ntám anihö namoípu that they walk here hereabouts navaricma'm'pusoi''máma'c höga that is trans= that sad appear na'pimpudádar am·ai'nikwö't·a dormaG your petate beneath that ye are= parent seated. anta'sóna't **borki** kuni'cpuam'átuD I did al= Then I you cause to know because ready begin na'npuamha'nciD nano'ímö'R i'ntám that I walk that I for you= here meddle gana'varicmám'dormag amáinik konkiha'p.í With= that which is transparent your petate. which thus is. anti'cpubi'amnámök'dam hi'di so''sobö'köt bead with I did hither you come paying this napimia'mpihö'tunko'kdatuD'a bara that ye not anywhere me will sicken in order i·'ntám na'mpuo'ípu *ni*ganmá.ma·R here that they walk nor that my children amva'pamör.ör amicmámdormaG your lakes in. your transparent

<sup>1</sup> Said to be derived from *tenchaniados*, etymology unknown.

kuha'pu.ō'p ati'cuptá'nim hö'ga
Then thus also we also begging that
navarica''m itcíu'k ci'a'rwōta
which is yellow our Morning Star, easts
beneath

na'puóidaG kuipuböitö'k'da ganavarno'vit that belongs. Then hither us will reach thats which is his hand

para na'tpuhabantuD'ágimöD in order that we in it us having seized

xu'viamha'ctuD'ám.a'cumwa'da bö'c then not anything over us any itself will do all

gacko'k'dakam pixövan ati'ctó.nimör.that sickness where we suddenlyputuhán gök'ö ti'puta'n há'gicdara meddle. Therefore we beg pardon

para naga''gurhá.nöniD'a gactónkam in order that he aside will cause to fly that heat

para na'miampihö'tutkókdatuda ganamar.in order that they not anywhere us will sicken theywho are-

su'di.ör.óik am na'mpumtötuk water in *chanes* that they are called

nampuanihö.dådar namputunú·nkat that they hereabouts are seated that they guard

gi''g'ior nampumtotök ku.ha'p.í rainbows that they are called. Then thus is.

nicpuam 'átut na 'pimaringö' korak' I you cause to know that ye are my manes.

adius.u'm naparinsu'sBidat inci'u'k
To God, that thou art my Protector, my Mornings
Star.

avi'puböintökdida ganavarno'vit He hither me will come reaching that which is hishand.

kuyampihö.indám.a'ctu.acumwa'da konki-Then not anywhere over me anything itself willdo. With which-

ha'p.í nicputö'mai.umtán há gicdara thus is. I continually thee beg pardon

na'parino''G ko'nkiha'p.mátöG dio's that thou art my Father. With which thus know. God

pöcumbi'ak'a thee will sympathize.

#### NOTE

The *chanes* are malevolent water-serpents which inhabit the springs and streams. They are horned and of many colors. They always travel in pairs, male and female, and love to stretch themselves through the clouds in rainy weather, head in one spring and tail in another, visiting. In this form they appear as rainbows. They are called the "winds of the water."

The *chanes* are vicious and will sting those who have not placated them. For this reason a native will never put his mouth to a spring while drinking; the water is dashed into the mouth with the hand. When thus bitten, malaria, fever, headache and many other ills result.

When a man decides to build a house and make his home on a new site it is necessary for him to placate the *chanes* of the spring whence he draws his water supply. To this end he prepares a *jicara* decorated with transparent small glass beads (water beads) and fills it with a gruel of *pinole* and water. This is scattered to the four winds at the spring while the following prayer is recited. The *jicara* is then left there as an offering.

## TRANSLATION

Hail! ye who are called *Chanes*, who are seated hereabouts in the waters, guarding the cloud of the spirits of those who have gone before and are seated round about us. We come to beg forgiveness. Know ye that it is so. Ye must not ignore me nor my family who walk about here. Sadly do they appear beneath your crystal carpet where ye are seated. Thus do I give you to know, for already have I begun to walk about here and to meddle with your lucid carpet. So be it! I have come hither to offer you these beads that ye may not sicken me nor my children who wander here among your limpid lakes.

Likewise do we beg forgiveness of our golden Morning Star who belongeth beneath the east. He will stretch unto us his hand so that, wrapping ourselves in it, no sickness may come upon us because we have meddled here unbidden. Therefore do we beseech that he will put to flight the heat. Then they will not sicken us, they who are called *Chanes* who are seated hereabouts in the waters guarding those that are called the rainbows.

Thus do I give you to know, my spirits. Hail! thou who art my Guide, my Morning Star. He will reach me his hand, that no ill may befall me. So be it! Know, O my Lord, that I do continually implore thee.

# 24. TO CURE ONE SICKENED BY THE CHANES

adio's o''oik'am na'pimpumtötök that ye are named To God chanes anihö' napimpuda'dar napimputunú nkat hereabouts that ve are seated that ve guard navarahi''komaG ganamarithö'ga they who are ours that which is their cloud höga navaric.ma'mdormag gö'korak that is transparent manes. that am'ai'nik höga navaric.ma'mdormaG their petate that is transparent that aka'va rik nampuhö'ködumsósbidim their chimal that they with selves protecting. nampuanúkturiD anihö'namdádar1 höga Hereabouts that they¹ are seated that they for them= guard that navarahi'komaG na'maritgo'korak which is their cloud that they are our manes. ha'pu.pui'co'p ti'camtánim há gicdara Thus also we you beg pardon. kuga''gurahöpimitu.u''rinka ganavaricma'-Then aside ye will cast that which is= mdorma' amba'sa.ör namia'mpihö'.tuha'nda transparent your gourd within that they= not anywhere will meddle

<sup>1</sup> Although in the third person, evidently refers to the *chanes*.

ganmá.mar ganamaramho'ho cia they my children those which are your saucers ganamaramha'ha' ganamaramha'ha kar those which are your jars griddles those which are your

namaramba'paidaka ganavaricma'mdormaG those which are your pitchers that which is transparent

amö'ciG.ör namia'mpihötuamha'hi'cda your cornfield within that they not anywhere foryou will break

para napimiampihötuakok datud a in order that ye not anywhere them will sicken ganfami'lia gö'köni'puamá tud porki that my family.

know because

anihö'mioi'pu ganfami'lia amicto''hereabouts they walk that my family theynimor'.bituha''nda gö'kö ni'puamtá'n
suddenly hither will meddle. Therefore I youbeg

ha'gicdara porki niti'matöt I if cause to know pardon because hö'ga navarinsu's Bidat inci'u'k who is my Protector, my Morning Star. kuhö'ga'vi'tuamko'k'daD'a kupi'mia'm'then he you will sicken. Then ye not= a"a•kda kuniti'amam'a'töt gö'kö

a"a'kda kuniti'amam'a'töt gö'kö later will say that I did not you cause to know. Therefore

ni'puamtánim há·gicdara wöc I you am begging pardon all

orasa''ba koha'pu.pï'cop ati'tá'nida hours in. Then thus also we will go begging

ganavaritci'u'k kovibitö'kdida he who is our Morning Star, that hither us will comereaching

ganavarno'vit para natha'ban.tuthat which is his hand in order that we in its

D·a.'gimöt ga'mtönö'ídida ha'ctu us seizing will go beholding anything

napuanihö'dörumágida ha'cnac'i'dúdu that from hereabouts will come thinking thus thathoards.

gö'kunipuama''giD ku'pimi'mötu.ur'na Therefore I you advise that ye hence will cast ganavaricma'mdorma' amba'sa.öra that which is transparent your gourd within. konki'ap.í pimima'töhi kunki.-With which thus is. Ye must know. With which= diu's.pö'cambi'ak'a God you will sympathize.

#### NOTE

When the priest-doctor has determined by the extraction of thick spittle from the patient in the sucking examination, that he is afflicted by a *chan*, he makes a *chimal* and a *bastón* with feathers of the heron and cleanses the invalid by waving the latter over him. He then deposits it at the spring whence the water is brought. The balance of the treatment is as before but the following prayer is recited.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! ye who are called *Chanes* who are seated round about, guarding the cloud of our spirits. It is their transparent carpet, their limpid *chimal* with which they do shield themselves. Round about are ye seated, guarding the cloud of our Gods.

We beseech you, put away your saucers, your jars, your griddles and your pitchers. Hide them within your transparent gourd. Then will my children not meddle with them; then they will not break anything which lieth within your transparent cornfield. Then will you not afflict my family. Thus do I say unto you for already do my family walk about here and mayhap will meddle. This do I ask of you, for if I tell him who is my Protector and my Morning Star, he will then afflict you. Then do not say afterwards that I did not warn you.

Therefore do I implore you in all hours. And also will we beseech him who is our Morning Star that he stretch unto us his hand. Then, held in it, we may safely behold whatever may come unto us. Therefore do

I bid you begone into your transparent gourd. Thus shall ye know. May God have pity on you.

## 25. TO RETIRE THE CHANES

adio's.um na'pimaro"oik'am To God that ve are chanes. pimi'möm.u'rin'ká ganavaricma'mdorma' Ye hence yourselves will cast that which is transparent am·a·'inigwö't·a pimia'mpixö'.tuavour betate beneath. Ye not anywhere them= ko'k'datuD'a ganfami''lia **borki** will sicken that my family because ni.a·'k·'da ganavarinsu'sBidat inci'u'k I will tell he who is my Protector. my Morning= Star, in.o.'k. para natuamko'k dan a my Father, in order that he you will sicken. pimia'mása'nda porki högavi'tuam-Ye not later will weep because he you= ko''kdap'a kuha'pí nicamta'nim will sicken. Then thus is; I you am begging ha'gicdara kupi'mímöm.u'rinka pardon. Then ye hence yourselves will cast ganavaricma'mdorma' amba'kuri.ora that which is transparent your water-gourd within. pimti'pu.da'nyo api'minwi'cdim Ye if endanger ye me following, kuni'tuamko'k'daD'a navarci'vgo·k höga then I you will sicken that which is seven a'raG napimpuö'köta'rgidic gö'ku formations that ye with are formed. Therefore nipu.amta'nim ha''gicdara konki'hap.í I you begging pardon. With which thus is. pim·a'tök pimihi'mia inka'öG Ye know, me hear. Ye will go pihö' napimpuaptu'i' ganavaramthat ye are where that is your hi'komak.ör kudios.pöcam.öra'dakam

Then God you withinness.

cloud within.

inda''D

adio's

which is cold

that

#### NOTE

This prayer is spoken after the invalid is convalescing from the sickness caused by the *chanes* and is intended to cause them to depart from the vicinity. It is recited to the west, whither they flee.

#### TRANSLATION

Farewell! *Chanes*. Ye shall take yourselves beneath your lucid carpet. Ye must not sicken my family, or I will tell him who is my Protector, my Morning Star and my Lord so that he may sicken you. Then do not afterwards weep if he shall have sickened you. So be it; I beg your forgiveness. You must take yourselves within your crystal water-gourd. For if ye follow to persecute me, I will sicken you with the seven forms in which ye were created. Therefore do I beg your forgiveness.

So be it. Know it and hear ye me! Ye shall take yourselves within your cloud where ye belong. May God bless you.

# 26. TO BEWITCH in.o.'G.

my Mother, To God. my Father, naparda'kam inci'u'G abimö höga my Morning Star. Afar that thou art= sitter that ku.inimö' tö'tvak.dám navarum ai'nak-Then here skies on. that is thy petate= naparicidu''kam dam napargökami on that thou art greatness that thou= art value. ku.inimökmödör natarum'a'ma'r That we are thy children. Then here distant from abi.mö'dör hudur napituma'rgi afar from alone that thou didst thyself form napitbaivatuda'giu inimö napitivu'si that thou didst already hither cleanse. Here that= thou didst select mari'a na'purip'a'D huga that Mary that she is our Mother na't'una'kog inimö umwö't-amö here thee beneath. that we are suffering napitbaivatuda'giu ku.ani.mödör That thou didst hither already cleanse. Then= hereabouts from hudö r napitbai'vavo'm napit.that thou didst hither already arise alone that a·'ban.ai'vavoi umkurosiG höga thou didst in it already recline that thy cross napitmu' napitpuagö'i amumö that thou didst die. There that thou didst= already fall navaricda'dik'am navarumva′sa'ດ້r which is health which is thy box within navarictutö'G'am.ör va·'iG umwhich is darkness in three thy= to'tnorig kuabimöapti'ma'cir asa'giD suns. Then afar thou didst appear them= between namaricko'i'kam ku.inimödör höga which they are Dead. Then here from that napithapuva't'uto höga navartö'tvakdám that thou didst thus already behold that that= is skies on. naparda'kam napara'ö'k amhökö'D dios That thou art sitter that thou art arrangement= with God naparin.o'k naparumnö'icturiD'am that thou art my Father that thou art thy observation on. ku.ami.dör napubaivatuda 'giuna Then there from that thou hither already us wilt= cleanse hidi maindam natöpkivoi'nök that we also soon journey this petate on napöpkitma'kiм kupibaigögucdara that thou also soon us giving Then= succor. thou hither= navaricda'dikam iD'ágiuna höga us wilt cleanse that that is health navarumökaDwö'ta' naB'aiiD'a'giD'a that is thy shadow beneath that thou hither us= wilt send natapövabö'iya höga navarichö'pitkam

that we already will carry

navarumno'nov.ám kudiköt pictutha'gicda which are thy hands in. Then this with thou uss wilt pardon

porke nataric.i''korak'ám because that we are vile.

ku.hidi.hömadakamhö'kö't apiiD·a·'giD·a Then this formation with thou us wilt send

navargö'gucdara amen which is thy succor. Amen.

## NOTE

This prayer is merely one of several modes of casting spells of witchery, the others not entailing the use of any set prayer and savoring more of European custom. Even this, however, is of dubious authenticity as its resemblance to Christian philosophy is only too evident. In fact it was given in order to prove to me the lack of antagonism between the old Tepecano religion and Catholicism and was entitled the "Creed." I have great suspicion that it was created to suit the occasion, like no. 18. It was originally said to be a prayer to beg permission to enter a sacred spot but my principal informant pronounced it to be a prayer to bewitch.

It is recited at midnight when the one whom it is desired to bewitch is asleep, and is addressed to the pagan idols (cidudkam) and the Christian cross. A fast is likewise enjoined. Then the supplicant goes to the cemetery and lights a wax candle and buries there a figure he has made in representation of the hated one. It is buried at the foot of the cross and a prayer said entreating the death of the individual.

## TRANSLATION

Hail! thou who art my Father, my Mother, and my Morning Star who art seated afar in the heavens. Here on thy earth thou art powerful, art dear. We are thy children. From afar where alone thou wast formed thou didst come to cleanse us. Here thou didst choose Mary, the Mother of us who suffer here beneath thee. Thou didst purify

us. From hence thou didst arise alone, thou didst lay thyself on thy cross and die. There thou didst descend into thy grave, into the darkness for three days. Afar thou didst appear among the dead.

From here thou didst behold Him who is in heaven. Thou art seated with the chosen, God, who art my Father, which is thy thought. From there thou wilt send purification to us who also journey through this world, and give us succor. Thou wilt come to cleanse us with the health which is beneath thy shadow; thou wilt send us the cold which is in thy hand that we may lay hold upon it. With this thou wilt pardon us, for we are vile. With this formula thou wilt send us thy succor. Amen.

## 27. TO CURE FROM WITCHCRAFT

adio's inda't inci'u'k To God. my Morning Star. my Mother, anipumta'nim kovi'hágicdara I thee am begging pardon that= tö'k owumbova ganavarictón'kam above itself will take that which is heat. avi'puböintök'da gano'vit ganci'u'k He hither me will stretch that his hand, he= my Morning Star

ci"arwö'tahö napua 'r'gidic ko'vixö pria east beneath there that he is formed. Then will recover

hidickó'ok'am ati'pihö.va'.amhá'G this sick one. It if anywhere already self lacks komi'pu.hívo'i's kuaviamiputu'ik'a

that they bewitch. Then not thus shall be.

icxöʻʻpitkamōköʻt aʻpi.idaʻʻgiunida höʻga Cold with thou wilt go cleansing that

namarumú.umihökö't ha'vanava'rictá that they are thy ceremonial arrows with, and whichis white

amka'varikōkö't¹ ku.ga''gura.há'pi'mi.your¹ *chimal* with. Then aside to, ye-

<sup>1</sup> The change from second person singular to plural is rather inexplicable here.

iu''rnida ganavarickók'dakam will go repulsing that which is sickness.

kuni'puamtán há'gicdara naparindá't Then I you beg pardon that thou art my= Mother,

in.6·k· kua'nibi'aka maspóde·r my Father. Then I will have more power

kinihö'ganahívo'is kupi'miam'a''kda than even he who is bewitching. Then ye not will give

li·se'nsia ku'pixō.puita''riwa'da permission that anywhere us small shall make

hidicto'nkamököt höganavarinciú'G this heat with. He who is our Morning Star

avi'pubö.in.da'giunihida kuvia'mina'p.hak'he hither me will come cleansing that not in me backs

gö'cia gactónkam hidi will fall that heat. This

na'varinú'umi.hökö ni'punsósbida which are my ceremonial arrows with protecting.

kuvia mindám.ha ctuacumdúnia konkiháp.í
Then not over me anything itself will make. With which thus is.

pima'tök piminka'ök ku*dio's*.pöcam-Ye know. Ye me hear. Then God yes

ö'ra'dak am withinness.

## NOTE

When a man is ill and suspects witchcraft he sends for a doctor of reputation. The latter bathes and fasts seven days. It is revealed to him in his dreams and later verified by examination of the patient whether he is sickened by will of God, by a *chan*, by disembodied spirits, or by witchcraft. Kneading and squeezing the joints is one of the criteria, sucking being another, the drawing of blood being a certain sign of witchcraft.

Having assured himself of the cause, the doctor brings his ceremonial arrows and other paraphernalia. First three arrows are placed around the patient's head and another at

his feet, stuck in the ground. The one to the left of the head is then raised and carried to the foot and these two are lifted, one in either hand, and pointed in turn to the east, north, west, south and zenith, the prayer being repeated five times, once to each direction. Then the five ceremonial circuits are performed around the sick man and he is sucked vigorously. The arrows are then replaced, two at the head and two at the feet. The doctor stands at the foot, then goes to the right and performs the sucking operation again. He then goes to the patient's head and spits in his hand to note the result of the sucking treatment. This is repeated five times on different parts of the body, each time returning to the sick man's head by a counter-clockwise direction. Usually some tangible object is extracted by these means. To finish the treatment the doctor seizes all four arrows, two in either hand, and circles them over the patient to purify him. The treatment is repeated every three days for five times and is said to be generally efficacious.

## TRANSLATION

Hail! my Mother, my Morning Star. I beseech thee that this heat may take itself hence. My Morning Star must stretch unto me his hand from beneath the east where he be-Then shall this invalid recover. Mayhap something is lacking that thus they bewitch him. But it must not be so. Thou wilt cleanse him with the cold and with thy arrows; with your white chimal will ye cast aside the pestilence. Therefore do I implore you, my Lord and my Lady. I must have more power than even he who is bewitching. Ye will not allow him to molest us with this heat. Our Morning Star will come to cleanse me that this heat may not return unto me. With my arrows will I shield myself, that no ill may befall me. So be it! Know ye it and hear me!

May God bless you.

## 28. TO SOW THE CORN

adio's naparin.o'G naparinsu'sbidad To God, that thou art my Father, that thou art my Protector,

inci'u'G tunhá·giciD a'nitsapita'.putö.ö'í my Morning Star. Me pardon I did says almost sowed.

ku'ni.i'ni.puciwa''k ganavarum'ar she who is thy child Then I here scatter napitpubö'iho't natpu.i'ni.má·ciR that she did here appear that thou didst hither send um·ai'nikdám hi'di navarictödo this that is green thy petate on. hi'kom na.oímör navarici'vgok which are seven Cloud that wanders o'hi pina'pui'cikö'kwá tö'tvak.wö'pta skies beneath where that she will rest beautiful na'pu.ivu'snia höga a'ra'k that she will arise that creature 11V napumtö'tök

uv napumtö'tök na'varuma'n female that she is called that is thy child.

kuha'pu.pïcop ti'cumta'n há:gicdara Then thus also we thee beg pardon naparin.o.'k naparinda.'t naparin-

naparin.o''k naparinda''t naparinthat thou art my Father, that thou art mys Mother, that thou art mys

su'sbidat inci'u'k napu.uma'r'giD Protector, my Morning Star that is formed

ci'a·rwö't·ahöwan napitpuböi.ho·'t east beneath there that thou didst hither send

ga'm'ár kuti'pubö'idu'via is o'soigim that thy child. Then did hither arrive weeping

hi'di oi'dadám para this world on in order

na'puitgö'gucid'a para natpukáda that she us will succor in order that we shall eat

natga'mtönöidida hidi óidadám that we will go beholding this world on

i·'ntám natpumö·rin·ok hiditukip.sa·'git here that we run hiditukip.sa·'git this darkness within

i'ntám natpuvói.nug hi'di oi'dadám here that we journey this world on.

kotipum'a''tuD kuti'pu.i'ni.citö.ö'cia
Then we thee cause to know that we here will sow
na''kutnú'kda hö'ga na'varum'áR
to see if we will guard she who is thy child.
kupia'mago'kiptönönikda pi'cpuböin'tö'k'da
Then thou not to two sides wilt look, thou hithers
me wilt stretch

ganavarumnóv pa'ra nanha'bantundágimöD that which is thy hand in order that I in= it myself may seize

gamtönöidida wö'c o'rasa''ba
will go beholding all hours in.

konkihap.i ni'cpum'a'tut naparinWith which thus is. I thee cause to know that

su'spidat inci'u'k ino'G kunki'.hap.í Protector, my Morning Star, my= Father. With which thus is.

dios.pöcambi'ak'a God bless you.

thou art my=

## NOTE

After the first heavy rain in June the corn is planted. A fast of five days and a purifying bath are the primary requisites. After this has been undergone small beads and a *jicara* of *pinole* mixed with water are prepared. The beads are placed in the four corners and in the center of the field to prevent injury by crows and other animals. The *pinole* water is then sprinkled to the four cardinal points and the prayer is recited while facing east. The *pinole* serves to prepare the soil for the reception of the kernels. The corn may then be planted but the kernels taken from the twin ears, the *Milpa Cuata*, must be planted first.

## TRANSLATION

Hail! thou who art my Lord, my Guide and my Morning Star. Forgive me because I am about to sow. Here am I scattering thy daughter whom thou didst send hither to appear on this thy green carpet. The cloud wanders beneath the seven beautiful heavens where she will come to rest, where

will spring up the maiden who is thy child. Likewise do we beg forgiveness of thee, my Father and Mother, my Guide and Morning Star, who dwellest beneath the east whence thou didst send thy child hither. Here did she arrive in this world weeping, to succor us that we might have food and might go beholding where now we grope in darkness, journeying through the world. We say unto thee that we will sow here, if perchance we may guard well thy daughter. Do not look askance; thou must reach me thy hand that I may be held in it and go beholding through all hours. Thus do I say unto thee who art my Lord, my Guide and Morning Star. So be it.

May God bless you.

## 29. TO REAP THE MILPA CUATA

adiu's uv na'pumtö'tök a'rag· To God, creature female that thou art= called. hacnaci'dúdu a'nihö napuo'idak Hereabouts that thou belongest thus that= hoards navarci'arwö't'a ci'korhö'wan vicinity there. That is east beneath amöhödör natpubö'imho''t ganavarum.o'k' there from that did hither thee send he that: is thy Father navarumna'na.1 kuha'pu.öp· ati'ctan that is thy Mother.1 Then thus also we beg há gicdara bábarip·kám pixö' North One pardon where pixö' napua'rgidic kupi'pugamihi'mia that thou art formed. Then thou wilt go where nanumbö'k ta kupi'puga'minka'hida that I thee shall carry. Then thou me wilt go hearing höga navarumu''umi.hökö'D na'pu.-

hapu.pïcö·p

which are thy ceremonial arrows with

Thus also

that=

her Father.

navarxu'r nipkam

that is West One,

that

a'rgidic

thou art formed.

hu'huktio't Pine-Man	na`pumtö'tök that is called.	kuha′pu Then thus∍
bi,çç.b.	ti'ctan we beg	há gicdara pardon
ganavaro'gaD he that is her Fathe	navardö''uD er that is her Mot	kutia`mi- her. Then∍
pixö'páro'n'da kuti'nöín'a pönö'gitnóv we not anywhere will maltreat. Then we will watchsher like our hand.		
kuhaʻpu.pïcöʻpʻ Then thus also	ati`ctan we beg	há·gicdara pardon
höganavaricta' that which is white	toʻ'vörip star	cidu'kam fetish
napumtötök that is called	oʻgipa south	amöhö there
natpumá·cir that did appear	ganavarma'rat she that is his chil	ku- d. Then=
	ná gicdara ga rdon he who	anavaroʻgat o is her Father
havaganavardö'.uD kuti'pugama'hí anihö' and she who is her Mother. Then did already go here- abouts		
ci'korhö'wan vicinity there	avi'puva'niók'i she already speaking	
ha'pu.puicō·p· ti'pumö'vadu'via anihö' thus also did hence already arrive hereabouts		
oʻimörimök having walked	ci'korhö'van vicinity there	sá·kimöG having wept
pumö'vadu'via navaro'gatvwí puva'- hence already arrive who is her Father with already=		
'a·G kumi'pupa'ro·n ganamarmámraD tell that they maltreat they who= are his children.		
kugöku aticpugömhöwan² kuti'puinór¹ Then therefore she did away.² Then did return		
navaro'gat.wí that is her Father v	a`bimöhöwan with afar there	•
na`tpuku•gaD that she did finish	navarci'vgok that are seven	óʻhi beautiful
	pixö' napuda' ere that is sea	ga.oʻgat ted he≈

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Verbal in form but with locative in place of verbal stem.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> nana, MAMA, childish word for mother.

koha'pu.pwi'cö'p' ati'cta'n hâ'gicdara
Then thus also we beg pardon;
ti'pum'a'k ganavaritni'o'k kutiamipihö'we thee give that which is our word that wes
not anywhere wills

páro·nda kuica·`pti`mötö'kia konkipia`mmaltreat that well we hence will place. Withs which thou nots

bi'aka napihö'.soi'mö'riD'a pia'm.wilt need that thou anywhere sad wilts feel. Thou nots

ago'kiptönö'nikda sa''rak napumtötök to two places wilt look *Milpa Cuata* thats thou art called

napara'rak.úv amöhö'dör na'punio'kim that thou art creature female. There from thats thou speaking

umhi'kom.örhödör hi'di navarictö'do thy cloud within this that is green mai'ndam na'pitpum'á'cir kupictunhá'gicda petate on that thou didst appear. Then-

thou me wilt pardon

pihö' nantó'nimör.i'civo'mikda kupia manywhere that I unbidden will raise. Then thous bi'aka napihö'soi'mö'ri'da kugöku not wilt need that thou anywhere sad wiltsfeel. Then therefore

ni'pumtán há·gicdara konki.dios.-I thee beg pardon. With which God-pöcambi'aka you will sympathize.

#### NOTE

When the corn is ripe and the harvest time has come, the owner of the field goes forth and reaps all the ordinary ears of corn. But the *Milpas Cuatas*, the corn plants with a forked stem and two ears, are left standing after the others have been gathered. Then the field is encircled with ceremonial circuits as many times as there are *Cuatas* within and the following prayer is recited.

## TRANSLATION

Hail! thou who art called Maiden. Round about us art thou met! From beneath the

east did thy Father and Mother send thee hither. Likewise do we beseech him of the North where thou belongest. Thou must accompany me wherever I may carry thee. Thou must harken unto me, formed as thou art with thy arrows. And also he of the West who is called the Pine-Man. We promise her Father and her Mother that we will not maltreat her; we will guard her like our own hand. Likewise do we beseech him who is called the White Star *Cidukam* who belongeth in the south where appeareth the child of the Father. We beseech her Father and her Mother.

Hereabouts did she walk, bemoaning. Then, having wandered and wept here she returned unto her Father and told him that his children had mistreated her. Therefore did she depart; she returned unto her Father and arrived there afar where he is seated in the seven beautiful heavens.<sup>1</sup>

Thus do we pray. We give thee our word that we will not mistreat her, that we will guard her well. Thou needst not feel offended. Nor look askance, *Milpa Cuata*, as thou art called, maiden. Speaking from within thy distant cloud thou didst appear on this green carpet. Thou wilt forgive me if, unbidden, I reap. Do not feel sad; on this account I beg thy pardon.

May God bless you.

## 30. TO BEG PERMISSION TO HUNT DEER

anicbö'himdan to"nimör puamta'nim I hither coming was unbidden you begging hö'gam namaramso'soik. anihö'van they that they are your pets. Hereabouts nampu.oi'pö höga namarictu'tu k that they walk that that they are black ói'dak:.a"ba su'suimar nampumtö'tök. hills in deer that they are called navarictö'dog höga amai'nikdám that is green that your petate on.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Cf. JAFL, xxvII, 155.

hacnaci'dúd'u

anihö

are called.

ha'gicit

pardon.

Hereabouts that they belong thus that hoards. kuha'pu.pwicö p a'nicho'hi napim-Then thus also I desire that ve= xö'mai.intane''tiD'a oʻxi navarci'vgo·k· one me will lend that is seven beautiful xi'komörhövan nampuóip·u ku-Then= cloud within that they walk. ani'camtán ha'gicdara xa'pu.pwi'cö'p thus also pardon. I you beg gami·nka·'hida kupi'mipuma''töhi Then ye know me will go hearing na'mpuanihö'.mö'rin'ok' ganavarxö'pör they which are winds. That they hereabouts run navarictö'dok' amai'nikdáм höga that which is green their betate on na'mpuanihö.soi'ma'ma'c hacnac·i'dúdu thus that hoards. that they hereabouts sad appear navarakai''k orag navarinsu's Bidat höga That which is their master who is my= Protector. inci'u'k in.o.'k. kunicpum'átu't my Father. Then I causes my Morning Star, to know hidi ni'.o·k nampuha'ban.hö'map this one word that they in it= a rgidic namaramso'soi'k'am nampumare formed that they are your pets that they= tö'tök konkiha'p.ma'töD inka'uk tun-

nampua'rgidic

## NOTE

With which thus know; me hear,

The deer is the animal of consummate importance in all the religions of the Tepecano region<sup>1</sup> and around it center many ceremonies and rites.

When a man desires to hunt deer, which is a requisite for certain ceremonies, he commences a fast of seven days. On the first day he goes to the Cerro del Cántaro with an *otate* <sup>2</sup> decorated with beads, to resemble the head of a deer, a *jicara* decorated with beads, and a *chimal* of pure white cotton. The *otates* have the same name and spirit as a deer and are made with green beads for the eyes. But if no *otate* is available a figure of a deer may be made of clay or wax and used instead. At the Cerro del Cántaro the supplicant leaves his offerings and recites the prayer.

The following day he hunts to the east, the third day to the north, the fourth to the west and the fifth to the south. Thereafter he may hunt where he wishes as long as he desires. But the first deer secured must be entirely distributed among the others; he may not touch it. Candles must be made of the fat and he must light one and put it in his house before setting forth again. This is for the spirits.<sup>3</sup>

For the *Fiesta* of the *Milpa Cuata* the deer of which the *chuales* <sup>4</sup> are made must be caught in a snare and cooked whole, head and all.

#### TRANSLATION

Unbidden have I come hither, craving your pets which wander about in the dark hills, the deer as they are called hereabouts on your green carpet where they belong. I ask that ye lend me one of these which wander in the seven beautiful clouds. Likewise do I beg your forgiveness. Ye should know that they may hear me in the winds, running about on their green carpet where mournfully they appear. Their Master is my Lord, my Guide, my Morning Star. I will speak unto him the one word with which were created these which are called your pets. Know it; hear me and pardon me.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Cf. Lumholtz, Symbolism, p. 22.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Nahua *otlatl*, the base of a reed with branching roots which are trimmed and decorated to represent the head of a deer. *Cf.* Lumholtz, Symbolism, p. 51.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Uncertain whether the spirits of the deer or whether disembodied or unembodied anthropomorphic spirits.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Nahua *chualli*, a mush made of *pinole* and finely chopped meat, cooked in corn husk; practically equivalent to *tamale*.

## 31. TO RID THE RANCH OF SCORPIONS

adio's naparinci'u'k apipubö.in'öidida To God, that thou art my Morning Star. Thoushither me wilt come watching,

kuya'm.inda'mactuacumwa''da di anihö that not over me anything itself will make of hereabouts

namputukík·iö hi'di oi'da.dáм this world on that they live anihö' namictökö.u t namputuoipu that they vicious hereabouts that they walk namarna'na skör kuha'pu.pui'cô'p Then thus also that they are scorpions. ku'mimömu''ri'nka há gicdara ni'cata'n I them beg pardon that they hence selves: will take

pixö' nania`manö'nöikda ga''gu'rahu'wan that I not them will see aside there where nampuoídag aniamho'hi pixö' where that they belong. I not wish nan.i'ntam.anö'nöikda pihö' nanoi'mör that I here them will see where that I walk.

kuhapu.pwicō·p ni'cam·átuD ganavar-Then thus also I them cause to know that=

ci'vgo·k oʻ'hi tö'tvakwö'p·ta which is seven beautiful skies beneath

nampua'r'gidic kumi'mömu'rin ka *porki* that they form that they hence selves will take because

niti'.anatö ani'tuako'k'daD'a kuni'pu-I if here them see I them will sicken. Then=

ma·'tuD ganci'u'k kui'bu.intök'da I cause to know that my Morning Star, thats hither me will extend

gano'viD para nawö''c.o'ras.a'b-that his hand in order that he in all hours-

in·u'k·dida kumia`m.pihö`.tunko'k·datuD·a me will go guarding Then they not anywhere me will sicken

ganamarictukö'dam kugö'kuni'putá'N they which are vicious ones. Then therefore I beg há'gicdara ganci'u'G kuvi'.aha''pud'a pardon he my Morning Star that them will restrain ganampuanihöpukíkiö hidioi'daga'ba they which hereabouts live this hill in

namarnána·skör namarhípitpak· that they are scorpions, that they are spiders,

namarkók'o ha'ctunampu.i'ntampukikið that they are snakes, any that they here reside.

kumi'.mömu''rna ganavarictö'dog
Then they hence selves will take that which is green
ma''inikwö't'a kuniamho''hi

betate beneath. Then I not wish

nananö'nöik'da konki'hapí nicmá'tut that I them will see. With which thus is, I causeto know

ganavarinci'u'k tunha 'giciD he that is my Morning Star. Me pardon

naparinci'u'k' naparinda''D in.o''k that thou art my Morning Star, that thou art mys Mother, my Father.

## NOTE

This prayer is recited by a man when he goes to a new locality to build his house and make his home. It has the power to drive away the scorpions, snakes, spiders, and other poisonous insects and animals.

He must first fast for five days and prepare a *jicara* of *pinole* mixed in water or of holy water. This *jicara* is decorated with small beads. At the end of the fast it is placed in the center of the holding and the water sprinkled to the four cardinal points while the prayer is recited. The latter is addressed to the Morning Star, the arch-enemy of the scorpions who are the cattle of the Devil. The principal scorpion is in the sky; those on earth are smaller copies of it.

The prayer must be repeated every year if the scorpions are to be kept under control.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! thou who art my Morning Star. Thou wilt come to watch over me that no evil may come upon me from those who dwell

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Probably borrowed from the European zodiac.

hereabouts upon the earth, the poisonous scorpions which here wander.

Likewise do I beseech them that they take themselves hence where I may not behold them, away where they belong. I do not wish to see them hereabouts where I walk. Also do I give them to know, formed as they are beneath the seven beautiful heavens, that they must take themselves hence, for if I behold them hereabouts I will sicken them.

Also do I beseech my Morning Star that he reach unto me his hand to shield me through all hours. Then will these poisonous ones not sicken me. Therefore do I beseech him, my Morning Star, that he restrain them who live in this hill, the scorpions, the spiders, the serpents, and all those who here dwell. They must take themselves beneath the green carpet, for I do not wish to behold them.

Thus do I say unto my Morning Star. Forgive me, my Morning Star, my Lord and my Lady.

## 32. TO OBTAIN A SERPENT PROTECTOR

adiu's naparin.o.'k naparinda.'D
To God that thou art my Father, that thousart my Mother.

pimi'tunha'gicda kuni'da'gia hi'di ko Ye me will pardon that I will seize this snake i'ntám na'nitpuvatö ku'nibö'k'ta that I did already find. here That I will carry inki'amhá natun'úk'turip'a **bara** my home to in order that he for me will guard. hi'di navarictödo ama'inikdám This that is green vour betate on napuoídak napuma'r'git hacnaci'dúdu that he is formed as that hoards that he belongs napu.i'ntám napumváp·án kuvin.oída that he here that he is stretched out. Then me will= accompany

pihö nanpunxöpit inki'a'm napumtötök where that I me rest, my home that it is called

para natun·úkturiD·a ha'ctunanpihö'dákta in order that he for me will guard anything that: I anywhere will leave

pihö'van a'npusoi''ma'c hi'di oi'dadá:m where I sad appear this world on.

kuha'pu.ö'p' ani'ctanim ha'gicdara Then thus also I am begging pardon

hidi navarictödo mai'nikdám pihö this that is green *petate* on where

nanpusoi''mac navarci'vgo'k ohi that I sad appear that is seven beautiful

tö'tvakwö'pta kuhi'di ko skies beneath. Then this snake

aviamipihöinö p·kiöd a kuni puta'n he not anywhere me will frighten. Then I beg

hágicdara kuvi`.möm.u'rin ka pixō pardon that he hence self will shelve where

nanda'k ta kuviamiadak taka that I will leave. Then not them will leave

nampihötunha''nin'a ganha'ha'cdun that they anywhere me will meddle that my relations,

kumiamha'ctupixö.inbö'böitciD'a kuvi'.a-that they not anything anywhere me will steal. Then-

wu'pu'rda amti'pihö'.hactucinvwídi'cdam he them will tie they if anywhere anything mewith wish to take.

kuvia'mi.ada'k'taka gökö ni'putá'n Then not them will leave. Therefore I beg

favor kuvi'n.oída inki'amhá' favor that me will accompany my home to.

kuhapu.ö·p· nicmátuD gan.q·'G· Then thus also I cause to know that my= Father,

inda't nampunmá'kim *lisensia* hi'di my Mother, that they me give permission this oi'dadám na'npugamtönöídim hidi world on that I going beholding this

go·k va'ik tóno·r nanitpua''two three sun that I did already»
cimá·cit kuhapu.ö·p· avi'pkindák·ta
appear that thus also he also yet me»

will leave

hidi gok vaik tóno•r this two three konki'hap.mátök' nani'pkicihúrun'da With which thus know: that I also yet will set. inka'ök dios pöcumvi'ak·a me hear. God thee will sympathize.

#### NOTE

Large constrictor serpents are said to live in the forests of the Sierra Madre Occidental above Azqueltán and these are claimed to make excellent pets and house guardians. If properly approached they will accompany the finder to his house and guard it for him. They give notice of danger by striking the ground with the tail and bind and hold any one who may come with intent to rob. If the owner is asleep they strike him in the face with the tail to awaken him. But they must be given bread to eat every Thursday if they are to remain content.

When a man wishes to secure one of them he first buys a candle and begs permission of María Santísima in the church. Then he takes a white cloth with which to bind the snake and hunts to the four cardinal points. When he has found it he recites this prayer.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! my Father and my Mother. Forgive me if I carry hence this serpent which I have found here. I will carry him to my house that he may be my guard. On this your green carpet where he belongeth was formed he who lieth here. He must go with me to where I rest, my home as it is called, to keep watch for me over anything which I may leave wherever I do mournfully appear in this world.

Thus do I pray here where I do sadly appear on this green carpet beneath the seven beautiful heavens. This serpent must not frighten me. I beg that he may stay hidden wherever I may put him. He must

not allow my neighbors to meddle anywhere nor to steal from me. He must wrap himself around them if they come to rob me of anything. He shall not permit them. Therefore do I ask the favor that he accompany me to my home.

Likewise do I say unto my Father and my Mother who have given me leave to go beholding in this world these few days which have dawned, that they shall still allow me yet a few days which shall yet come to a close.

Know it to be thus and hear me! May God bless thee.

## 33. TO BEG RICHES OF THE TOLOACHE

adio's na'parino'G na'parinda'DTo God that thou art my Father, that thou art my Mother.

ku.a'ni.a'nsapiwi'nartun'pi'tunhá'gicda Thou me wilt pardon that I, I say, to him me= ma'kia gako't'rup'2 a'nihö' will give that Toloache 2 hereabouts nampudádar ganavargö'gur that they are seated that which are great tö'hungiD'ám anihö' hasnaci'dúdu rock-piles on hereabouts thus that hoards. kuni'puta'n'ia gagö'gu'cdara Then I will beg that fortune

ave'r.ti`nsokore''rota ku`intane''tiD'a to see if me will succor. Then me will lend

gagö'gucdara gö'kuni'puamtáN há''gicdara that fortune. Therefore I you beg pardon

napimaringö''korak vö'puhímdam that ye are my manes before go on.

kuhapu.pïcö·p ni'cta'n gahá·gicdara Then thus also I beg that pardon

gako't'rup' kupimima'kia *lise''nsia* anihö that *Toloache*. Then ye will give permission. Hereabouts

nampudáda'r ha'snaci'dúdu ci'arwöt'ahöwan that they are seated thus that hoards east beneaths there

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Cf. Lumholtz, Unknown Mexico, II, p. 124.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Nahua toloatzin, Datura stramonium.

va·'rvariB hu·'rniB o'gipa hidi'kö'D north west south. This with ip·ámöhöwan natpubö'ida'kta gaus over there that he did hither leave that= ba''maro''gat ha'stu bara his father-in-law in order anything nata'ndan. kuvi'putma''kda natarthat we might beg that he us will give that wes má·mrat gat.o'k' kuvi'.putma''kida are his children that our Father. Then he us= will go giving anihö' ha'snatá·nida nampudádar thus that we will go begging. Hereabouts that= they are seated hacnaci'dúdu ganavarictö'do ma·'iniGthus that hoards that which is green betate= dám navarica'pma'cimká't ichíkmap on. That is well appearing spread out cloudy icva''u'tag navarahi'kom.ör na'mpua'r'gidic drizzly which is their cloud within that= they form ganavargö'gur tö'hongiD'ám anihö' ci'ko'r that which is great rock-piles on hereabouts vicinity ba·'variB hu'r'nib puha'kagö'cim returning north west o'gipa hidi'kö't navarictö'dog south. This with which is green hi'di tö'vagá'pa puva'kúg'atim sky in already finishing this hö'mat go.'G vaik ní.o·k· one two three word natpuhö'kö'tbö'i.a'r'gidic hi'di oi'dadám that he did with hither form this world on. kuti'cpuawö't'amó'mgia gana'varci'vgok Then we them beneath will bow they which are seven o·'hi tö't'vakwöt'a pihö'dör beautiful skies beneath where from na'tpuböip·a'ktá na'varip'á'p pa'ra that she did hither us leave that she is our= Mother in order

gako't'r'up'

that Toloache

ha'stu-

anything=

natpután.dap

that we should beg

naticho''hidad kuvi'.put'ma''kida that we might wish. That he us will go giving ha'stunata''nda natarma'mrad na'tpupihö'anything that we will beg that we are his children that we anywhere

soimá.mac kuha'pu.pïcöp ati'cta'n sad appear. Then thus also we beg ha'gicdara ganavarinsu'sbidat inci'u'k pardon she that is my Protector, my Mornings Star,

in.o.'k inda''t anihö' nampudáda'r my Father my Mother hereabouts that they areseated

ganavarci'vgok o''hi tö'tvakdám they which are seven beautiful skies on. konkihap.í ma''tök inka'ök With which thus is; know, me hear.

ku.dios.pïcumbi'ak'a Then God thee will sympathize.

#### NOTE

The toloache is a plant of great power, being the son-in-law of the Father Sun. He attained this by reason of his marriage to the Corn Daughter. But he mistreated her by having two mistresses, Crow and Mapuache, and was fastened head-downward in the ground, his limbs outstretched and was commanded to give mortals whatever they might beg of him.<sup>1</sup>

It is said to have a thick trunk of nine inches diameter and no roots, growing on the bare rock. Its five branches extend to the cardinal points and to heaven. It is made of money and each one has a *jicara* full of coin in front of it. One may borrow this money and return it in five years time. But having done so, he may not attend confession. Or he may beg fortune which will later be vouchsafed to him. Needless to say, the *toloache* is an extremely rare plant in the Tepecano country.

To beg fortune of the toloache one must first fast seven days for María Santísima and

<sup>1</sup> Cf. JAFL, xxvII, 160.

go to church and recite this prayer to her to beg her permission. Then he fasts forty days for the *toloache*. He goes to the river and finds a black stone which has a child, a smaller black stone, beside it. These two he takes away, the smaller one for María Santísima, the larger one to pay the *toloache*. He also carries a *bastón* decorated with cotton and a *jicara* decorated with beads. Going to the *toloache*, he recites this prayer and leaves the offerings there. Soon thereafter he attains great wealth.

## TRANSLATION

Hail! thou who art my Father and Mother. Thou wilt forgive me for I am about to give myself unto the *Toloaches* who are seated round about among the great rocks. I will beg fortune of one of them, if perchance he may succor me and lend me riches.

Therefore do I beg your forgiveness, my spirits who have gone before. And likewise do I beg forgiveness of the *Toloache*; ye shall give me leave to do so.

Round about are they seated in their places beneath the east, the north, the west and the south. There did their father-in-law who is above us put them that they should render unto us whatever we might crave, who are the children of the Father. They must give us whatever we ask. Round about are they seated on the verdant carpet. Within their drizzly cloud, beautifully o'ercast, were they formed, from whence they returned hither to the great rocky slopes to north, west and south.

So doth ascend unto the blue heavens these few words with which he was created in this world. So do we bow our heads beneath the seven beautiful heavens from whence our Mother sent us to beg of the *Toloache* whatever we might crave. He must grant us, the children of the Father, whatever we may wish, wherever we may appear.

Likewise do we beg forgiveness of my Lord and my Lady, my Guide and Morning Star there where they are seated in the seven beautiful heavens.

Know it to be thus and hear me! May God bless thee.

## 34. TO BEG FORTUNE OF THE HILLS

adio's naparin.o''G' naparinda'D
To God that thou art my Father, that thousart my Mother,

anihö' napimpudáda'r ci'kor hereabouts that ve are seated vicinity xövwan gana'varicapma'cim amthat which is well appearing there your= navarichi'kmat.ká.D navarica'tockardám which is cloudy, outspread which is: seat on va"u tak anihö na'pimpudá.da'r that ye are seated drizzly. Hereabouts na'pimpubö'.it'nöídim hasnaci\.dúdu thus that hoards that ye hither us watching gana'varumbu'p'uivashöku't' navaramwhich arethose which are thy faces with ka'k'varik navarumu''umi pihö'dör your chimales. Which are thy ceremonial arrows

napu.iwá'n ganavarhíko'm ganavarci'vgo'k that it rises that which is cloud that which isseven

wherefrom

o·'hi tötvaGwö'tadör kuti`c.pu.amtá·n beautiful skies beneath from. Then weyou beg

na'pimitbö'.ini6 há gicdara pihödör that ye did hither speak pardon where from amni''o khok u't ha'p'u gaci'vgo'k that seven your word with thus hákia namita'pam.hok ha'pu that they did already also you reply thus same

ni'o·khökö't kuna'mita'paMtá lise·\*nsia word with. Then that they did already also you begged permission

para na'mpu.itma'k'ia gaha'ctu in order that they us will give that anything

natatánida gagö'gu'cdara hastu that we them will go begging that succor anything naticho'hida hastu na'pustuhaítu that we will desire that it exists anything amai'nikdám hi'di navarictö'dog which is green your betate on this pihö' natpusoi'máma·c napimaringo'-That ye are my= where that we sad appear. há gicdara korak ti'camtán pardon. spirits we you beg ti'cputö'maiamsá·kcit ku'pimi'tuthá gicda Then ye us will pardon. We continually to you weep na'pimpuanihö'.dádar ha·'cnapuci'dúdu thus that hoards that ve hereabouts are seated ci"arwöt ahö na'pimaringo.korak that ye are my manes east beneath there bá·varip hu'rnip napimpusoi.máma·c that ye sad appear north west ni'camtán koha'pu.pwic.op o'gipa Then thus also I vou beg south. lise''nsia há gicdara ku'pimi'nma'kia that ye me will give permission pardon nanpuavwi'tunma'kia gana'mpuanihö'tukiö. that I with them me will give they who hereabouts= reside oʻhi ganavarictutuk

oídak: .á'ba that which is black beautiful hill in.

kuminma'kia kumia'mpihö'.cin'öi'da Then they not anywhere me will ignore. Then they= me will give

ha'ctunanpihö'.atá'nida ganihö anything that I anywhere them will beg. That= hereabouts

ganavarci'vgo·k· oʻhi namputukík iö that they dwell that which is seven beautifu1

napimi'tpuböit'ök tövakwöp ta pihö'dör where from that ye did hither= sky beneath us extend

gana'varumnóv na'titpuha'bantup'á that which is thy hand that we did in it us seized

gagögu cdara kunatitpua'tá that we did begged that succor. Then= ha'pu.pwi'cöp' há gicdara ticamtá·n thus also we you beg pardon hiditákugumökö't. kuva'mha'ctu.ip'ám.this fragment with, that not anything over us= acumwá:da tia'mpihö'kók'orda wöc itself will make we not anywhere will sicken. All icxö'pitkamököt pimi'pubö.ip.ágiunida cold with ye hither us will go cleansing gana'varamu''umi.ökö't ganavaramthey which are your ceremonial arrows with those= which are your=

ka'k'varik ganavaramci'cvoD pihö'dör chimales with those which are your plumes where= from

napuböi.hík·map konki'.hap.í that it hither clouds up. With which thus is; kupiminka'ök ni'cpuamá't'ut that ye me hear I you cause to know napimaringökorak konki'.hap.í dios .that ye are my manes. With which thus is. God= pöcamári'dak am vou smallness.

## NOTE

The surrounding hills or *cerros* are elements of the greatest importance in the religion of this region and the more important ones have their particular habitant spirits. These can grant wealth to mortals if properly approached. The method displays a strange mixture of Christian and pagan philosophy but the prayer is purely aboriginal.

When one has determined to sell himself to the hills in return for fortune he first fasts seven days for María Santísima. At midnight on the seventh day he goes to the church carrying a lighted twenty-five cent candle and says this prayer to sever his connection with the church. Then he rests several days, bathes himself and then fasts forty days. At the end of this fast he goes to one of the principal hills carrying a jicara decorated with small beads (chaquira) and many larger beads for payment. There he says the prayer again and leaves the offering. From a neighboring spring he takes a gourd of water and carries it to his cornfield (coámil). Here he sprinkles it to the four corners and in the middle while reciting the prayer for the third time. After he has sown and reapt his crop he becomes very wealthy. He may not go to confession thenceforth and every fifth of May he must go to the hill to repeat his vows. Every fifth year he must repeat the fast and the visit to church.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! my Father and my Mother, seated somewhere on your pleasant throne, o'erspread with drizzly clouds. From there where ye are seated do ye gaze upon us with your countenances, which are your chimales. From your arrows ariseth the cloud from beneath the seven beautiful heavens. We beg your forgiveness. From there did ye speak your seven words and they replied unto you with the same words. They besought you that they might grant us anything which we might crave of them, that they might succor us with anything we might wish upon this your green carpet where mournfully we appear.

We also beg your forgiveness, my spirits. And ye will forgive us. Continually do we cry unto you, my spirits, seated there beneath the east, the north, the west and the south, where ye do sadly appear.

Likewise do I beseech you that ye grant me leave to give myself unto them who live hereabouts in the beautiful dark hill. They must not refuse me; they must give me whatever I may ask of them. Hereabouts do they dwell beneath the seven beautiful heavens whence ye did reach unto us your hand into which we were gathered when we begged succor.

So with this fragment do we beseech you that no evil may come upon us and that we may not be sickened. With all the cold will ye cleanse us; with your arrows, your chimales and your plumes whence spring the clouds.

Thus do I give ye to know. Hear me, O my spirits! So be it. May God bless you.

## 35. TO GAIN A SWEETHEART

adio's naparmaíMda¹ ci''arwötahö
To God that thou art the intoxicated ¹ one east=
beneath there

napu.a'rgidic napucmai'M ati'cumta'n that thou art formed that thou art intoxicated. Wethee beg

navaric·i'vgo·k· óhi ha'gicdara beautiful pardon which are seven kupi'pu.töwakwö'ta napu.oi'dök sky beneath that thou belongest. That thou= ci`korhi'mia hö'ga na'varica'pmámcim which is well appearing about wilt go that kuni'.um.a''raGhök'ö't napua'r'gidic that thou art formed. Then I= thy form with pucho'hi kupi'.mai'muD'a höga that thou wilt cause to be intoxicated that desire xio'ciG nanica'pnöiD ica'pmámcim uv woman whom I well see well appearing flower kuha'pi.pwicö'p nanpuhö'köta'rgidic Then thus also that I with am formed. xio'ciktio''D ni'ctán ha'gicdara Flower Man. pardon I beg ku'nihö'kö.pua'r'gidic navaricap.mámcim which is well appearing Then I with am formed nanpuhö'kökötuí u'par2 xio'cgi that I with am decorated. flower guisache2 kuvi'naptötu'gia höga uv Then with me shall behold that woman kuni'pucho'hi na.ina'pnanica'pnöíD Then I desire that she with me= whom I good see. tötu'gia kuvia'm'a's hömai shall behold. Then not more other xio'ci'k ica'pma'cka mas well shall appear flower more

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Intoxicated with peyote.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Nahua huisatzin, probably Pithecolobium albicans.

nanpuanhökökötuí diga.a'ni that I here with am decorated the I than nanpusoi'ma'c kuha'pu.pïcö.p i·ntám Then thus also that I sad appear. here naxö'mai avia'mbía'ka pixöwan that she other anywhere she not need na.icapnö'iD'a xi'ociG mas that she good shall behold more flower <sup>1</sup>navarsa'mar dinanpuhököt.kutui that I with am decorated which is= than palo mulato1 nanpuhö'kö.a'r'gidic hio'cgi that I with am formed. flower kuhapu.kuvi'cpuhö'gia.högacapnöi''da Then she only that well shall behold. Then thus= navarho''oG'i'suriG2 pwico.b höga that which is garambullo2 also nanpuhököDina'r'giD hio'cgi.hökö napu.that I with me form that she= flower with ha'cnacidu'du hava a"rak thus that hoards and form hio'cikhökö nanpu.a'r'gidic ga.a'rak3 that I am formed. flower with that rosa maría3 kuvi'cinho'hida kuni'pucho'hi höga that she me shall desire that Then I desire gana'varici'vgok nanica'pnöit HΨ whom I well behold that which is seven woman oʻhi tö'twak napua'r.gidic that is formed. beautiful skies ci"arwö't a na'tpumöhö'má'cir ica'pthat she did there appear well= East beneath hiocigökö't kö tuík am ma'mcim flower with decoration appearing ganavar.o'gat hava natpubö'iho'D he who is her father and that he did hither send navardö"ön navarica pma mcim a rakhököt who is her mother which is well appearing form with ni'c.ta'n kötuí'k am hapu.picop decoration. Thus also I beg navaró gat hava hágicdara höga he who is her father and pardon

navardu''uD kumí.tunhá·gicda kuwho is her mother that they me will pardon. Then= vi·'nwi.tum·a'kia höga uv with me self shall give that woman nanica'pnöíD havaganavarkot rup4 hio'ciGthat I well behold. And that which is toloache4 flower= nanouhö'köt.kö'túi hö'k'ö't kuhapu.that I with am decorated. Then thus= with kuni'pucho'hi kuvi'cinho'hida bico.b also that I desire that she me shall= desire hi'di u'v ha'vagana'varmai'mda this and she who is the intoxicated one woman uvíkami napumtötök ganavariwomankind that she is called that which is= c<sup>·</sup>i'vgok o'hi töwakwö't:a seven beautiful sky beneath napu.oi'dak kuha'pupi'côp nictan that she belongs. Then thus also I beg ganavarhio'ciktio''t ha'gicdara gö'gur he who is Flower Man pardon great túhungiD'ám na'puóidak konki`.hapí rock-piles on that he belongs. With which thus is;

dios pöcambi'ak'aGod you will sympathize.

## NOTE

This prayer is the native's substitute for the love potions of the European necromancer.

When a boy desires the love of a girl who has given him no encouragement he must first fast five days. Then if he does not know the prayer he must secure the services of one who does, paying him for the labor. He has first stealthily secured some article of apparel worn by the girl. A figure or "doll" is made from this and another from one of his garments. The latter is decorated with the flowers of five narcotic plants, guizache, palo mulato, garambullo, rosa maría and toloache.

<sup>1</sup> Possibly Xanthoxylum pentanome.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Unidentified.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Cannabis indica, "Indian hemp," "hashish" mariguana.

<sup>4</sup> Nahua toloatzin, Datura stramonium.

At midnight, when the girl is asleep, a candle is lighted and the two figures placed in a *jicara* or bowl of water where they float. The prayer is then recited and a ceremonial song sung five times to the accompaniment of the musical bow. Five ceremonial circuits of the bowl are then made and the charm is complete. If the figures have floated together, the prayer will be answered; if they have parted, the case is hopeless.

The prayer is replete with allegory and ceremonial allusions.

#### TRANSLATION

Hail! thou who art called the Intoxicated Woman who wast created beneath the east, intoxicated. We beg thy forgiveness, thou that belongest beneath the seven beautiful heavens. Thou shalt return, formed as thou art with thy beauteous figure. I ask that thou wilt intoxicate the woman whom I crave, who am arrayed with pretty flowers.

Likewise do I beseech the Flower Man. For I am arrayed with the pretty flower of guizache. She must look upon me, this woman whom I covet; I ask that she look upon me, that no other flower shall please her but the one with which I am arrayed, sadly appearing here. She must not crave another flower but that with which I am arrayed, the flower of palo mulato. only shall she like. And likewise the flowers of rosa maría and garambullo of which I am made. I wish that she shall want me, this woman whom I crave, who was created beneath the seven beautiful heavens. Beneath the east did she appear, arrayed with pretty Thence did her father and her mother send her, arrayed with her beauteous form.

Likewise do I beseech her father and her mother that they forgive me. She must give herself unto me, this woman whom I covet. For I am arrayed with the flower of *toloache*. Therefore do I ask that this woman shall want me, and also she who is called the

Intoxicated Woman who belongeth beneath the seven beautiful heavens.

Thus do I beseech the Flower Man who dwelleth on the great rocky slopes.

So be it. May God bless you.

## 36. TO SECURE A BRIDE

a'nicbö'him a'piam.ha'pum.a'gat i'nimō I hither come; thou not thus shouldst think here konticanböidu'viaG to''nimör.va.umni'ok'iD that I did here hither have arrived unbiddens already to thee speak.

pero höga'k'ö't api'ctunha'gicda
But that-with thou me wilt pardon
porke na'numnöit na'psoi'má'c
because that I thee behold that thou sad=
appearest.

ku·höga'köt anicto''nimör.ba''umnio'k·it Then that-with I unbidden already thee speak. ku'animök.mödör namaiyanioki dios Then afar-from that he hence already speaks God na·pua'ptuí' ci'vgo·k<sup>?</sup> oʻ'hi tö'tvakthat he is seven beautiful skies= dam abimö' natpuvahö'madi1 on. There that he1 did already= create

nava·rdö''öt· o'gat höga who is her mother her father that hi'komöra ci'vgo·k· höga seven cloud within. That navaric.tö'dok' o·'hi ha'vu.ôra which is green beautiful jícara within natpuhö'mad·idak natpuhivisaptúk dö'u·t· that he did form that he did hide carry mother

o'gat natpuanihö'vam a ci'r ta'tpan her father. Then she did hereabouts appear ins the legs

natpuvaso's oigim natsa'sa kuamihö'dör that she did already sorrowing that she didweep. Then there-from

<sup>1</sup> The parents seem to be generally spoken of in the singular number, inclusively.

na'tpuai'vavom1 natpuva't'ököhi that she1 did already arise that she did already tread navarictödö o·'hi mai'ndá·m which is green beautiful petate on. amihö'van natpuva.a.'rgi ha'cmacimö'köt. There that she did already form any appearance with na'p'ua''rak' dö"u t höga that she form that her mother ku.a'midör o'gat natpu.aivawo'mik her father. Then therefrom that she did already= arise napuvatönö'id'im navarictuma'M höga that she already beholding which is five that hi'kom.ör napubava.a'rgidim navaric.tö'do cloud within that she hither already forming which= is green o'hi hi'komagidö'k'öt' natpugamivavomit his cloud with. beautiful That she did already= raise natpuvanö'id'im höga hö''kia that she already beholding that so many та'тсім hi'k om örhö'van appearances cloud within abihö'van na'pubava'sa'kim sa'kumgidthat she hither already sorrowing there her tears= ö''köt' na'puida'giunim napugamamö'ringia with that she goes cleansing. That she will run hikom.örhu'van napubavama 'rgidida cloud within that she hither already self will go= forming hö'gactumám ci'c.wordadö''köt' navar.that five his plumes with who is her= o'gat ha'ban'dör nabai'vaha''dug father which-from that hither already...... nabai'vavi'ni nabai'vahi'koma that hither already . . . . that hither already clouds up. kua'bimöhödör höga hi'kom.-Then there-from that cloud=

<sup>1</sup>From here on, the reference of the third person singular is very equivocal. It seems to refer to the peregrinations of the girl before birth but may refer to the journey of the Word as, apparently, is the case in the very similar prayer, No. 2.

ö'rhö'dör napubaiva'niok'im hög'a within-from that hither already goes speaking that

navaric.da'dikam hi'kom.örhö'van which is health cloud within na·pubavamhö'git· ku.a'mimö'dur.that hither already replies. Then there-from in twogo'kpan.tötu'gia napubavatunö'idim aric.places will see that hither already beholding. tö'd·o o'hi ba'hakörhö'dör beautiful green broom within-from amihö napubavamö'ringim napubavam.there that hither already comes running, that= hither already self=

a 'rgidim aric.tö'do hi'komhö'kö't' is forming is green cloud with.

na pubava 'nöidim navaruma 'ingiat which is his petate avarica 'pma 'cimnaka 't' it is well appearing outspread is.........

aricvi·'ηgikam aricva''utaG·at aric-..... is drizzly is-

tö'tgitna'ka't höga na'varuma'ingiat his green, outspread that which is his petate.

ku.amihö'dör napuivo 'pmiD'a navaric.-Then there-from that will raise which is

da'dik'am navarva''u'tagit napu.hö'kö'thealth which is his drizzle that he with:

baivada'giuna na'varumarat a'midör hither already will cleanse who is his child. Therefrom

avimivo'mikda napuhö'kö't.uma·'rgida she hence will arise that she with self will form

gög ör oʻhi va'hak·hökö't great beautiful broom with. napuvatötö'gia arictö'do va'mör.ö'r amihö' That she already will behold is green lakewithin there

napuvatönö'idida amihö' napuvama''rgid'a that she already will go watching. There that:

she already self will form

tö''do oʻ'hi hi'komö'k'ö't green beautiful cloud with.

napuvatönö'idida ci'koʻr va'mör that she already will go watching vicinity lake hu'gid am aric.a'pma'citnaka''t i'ciam.is well appearing, outspread at shore very= ha'ba'n'dör puhö'pgivi naB'öibrilliant which-from which hither= hi'koma ha'ba'n'dör nagamiwö'p·gövi which lightnings clouds up which-from hi'kom.na'gamaictuma'c hög a which appears that cloud= ku a'mi.dör örhö'van na var-Then there-from which is= within. va''u'tagiDhö'köD icda·'di a'vi.umhis drizzle with she self= health napubaivada'giuna hö'g'a a'rgida will form that he hither already will cleanse that navar.a'ri'g'it' amihovan na'p'uva'sa'k'im There that she already= which is his little one. goes weeping na·puga·'gim höga navarwhich is= that she goes seeking that navarictö'do hoi''gurda'rgaD va'mör.ör her sadness which is green lake within. napugamivö'cnia napuvatönöidida hög a That she will depart that she already will goseeing that ci'k'o'r tötvakwö'pta a·nihövan skies beneath. Hereabouts vicinity ku.anihovan napubavakö'hin'ida that she hither already will go treading then hereabouts ha'cnatpu.o'imör navardö'u't o'gat as that she did walk which is her mother her father. ku·hacmaciMhô'köt· natpuma'rgida1 ku-That what appearance with that she did self will= form,1 then= ha'pu.ma''ciм.ho'köD natpubia'rgi thus appearance with that she did hither form that= a·rmá·raD a'ric.tumso'soi'gim sa'sa'Gsa'gi'D is her child weeping between. napuvakö'hinim amihö' napuva-There that she already treading that she already=

<sup>1</sup> Probably incorrectly given; future suffix probably

superfluous.

ma'mciria aric.töd·o o'hi will appear is green beautiful hi'komörhö'van napuva.uma'rgida aric.cloud within that she already will be formed tö'do o·'hi so'so'p navartöip beautiful which is his garment green bead hö'ganavar.o'gaD ku.a'mi.dör he that is her father. Then theresfrom napuvatönöidida navar.va'viar that she already will go seeing which is gray beautiful tö'vakwöt'a na'varic.a'm va'viar o·'hi sky beneath that is yellow gray beautiful mai'ngip am kuanihönapuvadu'via his petate on. Then hereabouts that she already: arrives navaruma'rgida vaviar ohi that she self will form beautiful gray navarci'cwo'd·adök·öt· ku.a'mihö which are her plumes with. Then there napuatonö'idida va'paviar o·'hi that already will go seeing gray beautiful vahak.ör na·puvahö'ködambö'himöt· broom within that she with hither having come oʻhi va'paviar navarci'cwodat beautiful gray which are her plumes nahök·ödamda'giuna ku.a'mihovan that she with self will cleanse. Then there-from natpuvawu'p au navardö'u·D o'gap that she did them equall who is her mother, her= father. ha'c.macimhö'köt na'tpuvam.a'rgi What appearance with that she did already self form, kupuma'ciмho'k'öр avi'c.upa''rak· then appearance with he also forms nava:rma'raD kuamihö'dör who is his child. Then there-from natpugamatönö'idida² aric.tumáм o·'hi that she did will go seeing2 is five beautiful hi'kom.öra ku.a'mi'dör natpuvam.a'rgi cloud within. Then there-from that she did= already self form

<sup>2</sup> Probably incorrectly given; future suffix probably superfluous.

navar.va'paviar oʻhi hi'komök'ö't which is gray beautiful cloud with, ku.a'mi'dör natgo'kpan.tötö arici'ko'r Then there-from that she did in two places look is vicinity

navartö'tvagiD.wöp'ta natpugamisa''ki which are his skies beneath. That she didbegin to weep

arictumso'soi'gim sa'sagiaDsa'Git is sad her tears between

napuvamöringim na'puva'm.a'rgidim that she already goes running. That she already selfgoes forming

hö'kia ma'mcim hi'komö'k:öt so many appearances cloud with. napuwatötö'gia ci'k:or ma:'ingiD:ám

napuwatötö'gia ci'k'o'r ma''ingiD'am
That she already will look vicinity hiss

petate on

napuvatönö'idida hu'r nip aricthat she already will go seeing west is-

tu't u k o 'hi hi'komagidö'k ö D beautiful his cloud with

na'puvama''rgida kua'mi ha'cnatuma''rgi that she already will be formed. Then there as thats she was formed

dö'u·t· o·'g·at· kupuma'ciмhō'k·öt· her mother, her father, that appearance with

avi'c.up'a'r'ak' kua'mi.dör natpuishe also form. Then there-from that he did=

vo'pmiG hö'ga aric.a'pma'mcim raise that is well appearing

hi'komō'köt natöpkibaivada'giu cloud with that he did also now hither alreadys cleanse

navaruma''r'aG¹ natpuida'giD gö'gucdara which is thy form.¹ That he did send succor

da'dik hi'kom nathö'ködgamihealth cloud that he did with:

tör'vurtör navar.ör'd'ak'am kuvi'pu'princrease which is inwardness. Then he thus alsokimar'kim gö'gucdara na'gamaipupkitö-

<sup>1</sup> Probably incorrect; apparently should be HER FORM.

succor

now giving

which he thus also now=

kö'hina hi'di ku'.a'tvaGsa'giD will tread this altar between. Then= amihö'van na·varictúk· napuvatötu'g'ia there that she already will see which is black o·'hi va'mör.ör amihö na'p'uda beautiful that is seated lake within there navardö'u t napuvamaida'o'gat' who is her mother her father. That he already= navaricda'dik am u''u'migidö'köD giunim his ceremonial= hence cleansing which is health arrows with

nagamiwi'cturda icko'kdakam i'ctóNkam that he will repel sickness heat.

ku.inimö napuvamörin ogim na puvása 'kim Then here that she already goes running that she already goes weeping

naga'gimöt hög a navarhoi'gurdargat that she went seeking that which is her sadness.

ku.a'mi.dör nagamivo'mgia i'ctumá'M Then there-from that she will arise five

hi'komagidð'köt na'pugama.iwö'cnia his cloud with that she will depart.

na'tpuvapnö'idida² ci'koʻr va'mör.öra That she did already also will go beholding² vicinity lake within

aric.a'pma·c.itka'D aricha'dugat is well appearing outspread is........

aricvi'nigat a'midör naivo'pmik is...... There-from that it arises

navarhi'k'om ha'ba'ndör na'ga'miwhich is cloud which-from that its

wö'p'gövi wö'c hi'komörhö'van lightens all cloud within

na'gamaictuma'c kua'mi'dör napuvatuthat it appears. Then there-from that she alreadys

tö'gia höga navarvo'p'oigiD.a'ba will see that which are his paths in

na'pubavakö'hinim hö''ga navaricthat she hither already goes treading. That which is-

da·'dik·am hi'komagidö''k·ö't hö''kö'dumhealth his cloud with with self was-

<sup>2</sup> Probably incorrectly given; past prefix probably superfluous.

a·'rgidimök· aric'i'k'o'r na'pugamisá kim forming. Is vicinity that she weeping ci'ko'ri'pas na gamikö 'hinim a'ri.ci'ko'r vicinity that she goes treading. Is vicinity na·gamivi'ηgi na'pubaivaha'duG ari.that hither already..... that.... is all= ci'ko:ri'pas ha''dör nabihi'komag hi'komaround to-from that hither clouds up cloud= sá git na·'gamiwopgöv vo'p.oigipa'p.do.r between that lightnings his paths in-from nabaivá'u ta abimödö r nabaivatö'tvak. that hither already drizzles. There-from that= hither already skies1 nabaiya.ya"u'tak aric.tö'do ma'indam that hither already drizzles is green betate on aricva"u tagi arictö'tgiD aric.a'pma·c is well appearing is his green is drizzly aric.hádu·gat· ada'man ati"am.tö'ka k Above she did self place is..... na'tpubaivad a'giм nava·rma·'rat· that he did hither already sending who is his child. natpugamaivavom hu"kia та тсім That she did hence already arise so many appearances hi'komö rhövan nap·uvat·önöidim aricta' cloud within that she already beholding is white o·'hi tövakwö'ta aricta' o'hi beautiful sky beneath. Is white beautiful mai'ngiD'áM a'mihö na'puvadúvia his petate on there that she already arrives na'tpuvam.a'rgi aricta'ta o·'hi that she did already self form is white beautiful hi'komagidö'köt. natpugamai.vatötö his cloud with. That she did hither already see a'ric.tuma'M hô'kia ma·'mcim is five so many appearances hi'kom.ör kua'mi.dör na'tpuva'tönö'idim cloud within. Then there-from that she did= already beholding navaricta'ta o·'hi va'ha·k.öra that is white beautiful broom within amihö' aric.ta'ta napuamö'ringim there that she already running. Is white

<sup>1</sup> Possibly incorrect, verbal form with nominal stem.

o·'hi u"umigidö'köt na'puhö'köt.beautiful his ceremonial arrows with that she= bama'rgidim ku.ámi.dör natwith hither self forming. Then there-from that= go'k'pan.tötö na puvatötu gia aric.ta' she did in two places look that she already will= see is white o'hi va'mör.ör amihö beautiful lake within there napuvadu'via va'pamör.örhödör that she already arrives. Lakes within-from na'puvam'ö'rin'ogim navarvámör hu'that she already goes running that is lake on= gid an napugamasa'kim arictumsosoi'gim shore that she weeping is pitiful sa'sa'giD sa'giD napugama'niok ім her tears within that she speaking napuga'gim navar.ho'i'gur.dargat that she seeking which is her sadness navar.dú'ut o'gat ku.a'mi.hödör her father. who is her mother Then there-from navaric.da.'diG na'tpuva'm.a'rgi that she did already self form which is health sa'kumgidö'köt na'tpuivo'pmiD navar.her weeping with. That did raise which are= ci'cvordat. na'tpugamaivakugat aric·ikor his plumes that did already finish is vicinity ci"a rwöta tötvakwöpta ba·'barip skies beneath east beneath north hur nip o'gipas ku.amihödör west south. Then there-from pu'iwómik. na·'varmárat· ida'giuna raise who is his child will cleanse navarichöpitkam da'dikam napubövatöwhich is cold health that he hither already= tö'giD'a navaric.tö'do o·'hi so'so'p. to see that is green beautiful bead= will cause a'tockaraD'ám napubava.u'rna his seat on that he hither already will raise. THE REPLY OF THE FATHER OF THE GIRL

ha'pu.pi'cam.a'gat hapu.tu.ó'ip'u hö'g'a
Thus also ye were thinking thus walk. That

ave'ma't ha'ctuna'c.du'nia inmár anything that she will do. my child she not know töt'ut'u'a' ave'ma't avicicto'o'hot' She not know to grind. She lazy. apimtic.a.'pnö.it kuha'pu.pimi'soi'da bero ye if well see then thus ye will suffer. But kuaviam.hactu.dám ku.i'nimö Then not anything over. That here napimitci 'wa.uMtá t.napimitaivagö'gu that ve did already halt that ve did already= i'bwimda napimita'cihu't'ua vourselves tire that ye did already stumble napimit atumko'k dat hö'.gamihöwan that ye did already yourselves sicken. That there a'piambi'ak'a1 hactu.da'köp thou not wilt need1 anything with napimha'cum.a'ka api'miam.bi'ak'a that ye any will think. Ye not will need napimsa'sa kida hactuda'köt anything with that ye will weep navar.ö'ra:dakam namaritgö''korak which is inwardness that they are our manes. ku'amihövan ha'pu.ni'cup.tá'n ha'gicdara thus I also beg Then there pardon namaritgö"korak wö'puhímdam ago'kip'before go on that they are our manes two parts= navarito'G' dör na·pima·rma'Mrat· That ye are his children from. who is our Father, itci'u'k ha'pu.pwi'c ip·a't our Mother, our Morning Star. Thus a'mi.dör amiböiamda'giuna navaric.there-from they hither you will cleanse which is= da·'dik·am navarumxi'komak·hö'köt·2 which is thy cloud with2 health namgamaitumtö'gicda namivo'pmiGda that they thee will cause to see. That they will raise navarumu"umi nvaricda''dikam which is health which are thy ceremonial arrows 1 Possibly error for apimiam-, YE NOT, as in next

nam.hö'köD.gamaiumwö'ctu'rda navaricthat they with from thee will repulse which is= ko'k'dakam aric'i'ko'r nava'rtö'tvakwö'pta which is skies beneath. sickness is vicinity kuha'ban dör namivo'p·migda hö''kia Then which-from that they will raise so many ma'mcim ahi'komak. na'mgamai.amappearances their cloud that they selves will= a'rgida ku.a'mimödö'r go'kpan.putö'gia form. Then there-from two places will see navar.hö'kia ma'Mcim hi'kom.ör which are so many appearances cloud within. ku.a'mi.dör nam.hö''köp.puvatuda'giuna Then there-from that they with already will cleanse navaraxi'komak navarada.'dig which is their cloud which is their health navarava"utak kugaku a'bi.mödör which is their drizzle. Then therefore there-from porke apimictunha'gicda i'nimö ye me will pardon because here nanitaivamnöip uctur navargo k. va'ik that I did already to you relate . that is two three ni'.o·k· hactöi.dök. a'viam.porke word because anything it not= acic.bai'gip nanaha''kiacturda na·varanyhow is able that I for them will recount which= namaritgö''koraG ama"rak3 hög a are your forms3 that they are our manes that avi'ricda''rakam ha'puvi'cima'c thus appears it is dear avaric idukam inwi'dúr borke anicaricit is treasure me with-from because I am= i'krakam tö'vur.da'm.kam4 kugökö vile wind overness.4 Then therefore a'ban dör aviam.ha'cic.bai'giD which-from it not anyhow is able porke nanavö'p auvturda navara.a'rak that I them will equal which is their form because hactu'i'duk ku'amöhövan.pubö'.then there hither= anything

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Possibly error for apimiam-, YE NOT, as in next line.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The use of the second person singular in these lines is quite puzzling.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Probably should be -a.a''rak, THEIR FORMS.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The accuracy of this phrase is very questionable.

ima·c a'pimpimicho'hidat Ye, ye were desiring appears. nanamka'icturdaD höga ni'o'k' that I for you should hear that word a'ricap'ma'cim höga.ti'am.bero is well appearing. But she if= inmár dios intindimiento bero my child God willing but nanö'ködama"turda1 maskisi'a pero that I with to you will teach.1 But more than= might be go.k. hi'di pi'mta'kugumö'k'öt two fragment with this ye= ictunha'gicda ku.avi.icbai"gria höga me will pardon. Then it will be able that ha'ctu na'pim.pu.á'k kuhi'di anything that ye say. Then this hömadak amö köd in.o''k kudios creation with then God my Lord, inda''t inci'u'k ku.höga'köt.gamtu.my Lady, my Morning Star. Then with that= amtögicda api'migamai.pwöptököhina you will cause to see ye begin thus also will tread navarmai'ngiD'am aric.a'pma·citnaka·'t which is his petate on is well appearing, outspread. avarichi'komagat da'man'dör nagami-It is his cloud above from that= ha·'duG nagamivi'ngi' ha'ban'dör na.it . . . . . . that it..... which-from that= navarci'cwo'rdaD aric'i'k'o'r ivo'p'migit he raises which are his plumes is vicinity ci"a rwöt a napubima'ma'c va'varip that hither appears east beneath north arici'vgo·k· o·'hi xur nip o'gipas west south. Is seven beautiful a'bimö tö'tvakdam navarda'kam skies on there that she is sitter navaric.da'dikam tö'do u'vikam that it is health womankind green nabai.it·ö'kin navarip.a.'p navarno'vip who is our Mother that she hither to us= extends which is her hand

natha'bantudá kuhi'di hö'madakamököt that she did in it seize. Then this creation with pictunha'gicda dios pi'amhacum'a'k'a thou me wilt pardon God thou not anything wiltsthink.

#### NOTE

This long and involved prayer is spoken to the father of a girl desired in marriage.2 Marriage generally takes place at about the age of eighteen. The details having been arranged informally, the husband-to-be and his father appear at the house of the girl on a Wednesday night. It happens that at present only two Tepecanos know this long prayer and one of them must be engaged at a fee of a peso per night to accompany the supplicants and recite the prayer. It must be recited five times on successive evenings, Wednesday, Saturday, Wednesday, Saturday and Wednesday. On the final night the father makes his reply. Since the affair is always prearranged, the reply is never negative.

Then a white cloth is spread out and the clothes and other property of the girl and the wedding gifts placed upon it. The bride and groom and their fathers each seize a corner and raise the cloth and the ceremony is complete.

After this they are married. The boy gives a present to his parents-in-law and goes to live with them for a short period, six months or a year before setting up a separate home. Two wedding feasts and dances are held, one in the house of each parent.

The prayer is extremely long and involved and so full of ceremonial and esoteric allusions as to be very difficult of proper translation. In many cases the exact meaning is very doubtful and obscure.

#### TRANSLATION

Hither have I come. Do not wonder that I have come here to speak unto thee unbidden. Thou wilt forgive me, for I behold that thou

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The exact meaning here is dubious.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Cf. Lumholtz, Unknown Mexico, II, p. 93.

art sad. Therefore do I thus unbidden speak unto thee.

From afar God speaketh from his seven beautiful heavens. There did her father and her mother create her within the seven clouds; within the beautiful green *jicara* where she was formed did she carry her hidden, until at last she appeared between the limbs, sorrowfully weeping.

Then she arose and trod on the beautiful green carpet where she was formed in the image of her father and her mother. From there she arose and went observing within the five clouds, where she was formed of his beautiful green cloud. Then she arose, gazing within the many-colored cloud and wept, cleansing it with her tears. Within the cloud will she run about, being formed of the five plumes of her Father from which spring the clouds and the rain. From within that cloud he speaketh and within the healthful cloud is answered. From there will she look in two directions, observing. From within the beautiful green broom-grass she cometh running, being formed of the green cloud. She looketh down upon his green carpet, beautifully outspread with fog and drizzly rains. His carpet is verdantly spread out. From there he will draw his welcome drizzle with which he will purify his child. Thence will she arise and be formed of the great beautiful broom-grass. Within the green lake which she watcheth will she gaze. There will she be formed of the beautiful green cloud. She will gaze all around on the shores of the sparkling lake, beautifully outspread, whence rise the clouds. From within these clouds flash the lightnings. There will she be formed of the healthful drizzle with which he will purify his little one. There she goeth about weeping, seeking her sorrow within the green lake. She will depart and will gaze about beneath the heavens. Here will she come to tread just as have her father and her mother walked. In the same likeness as were her parents created, so did they form their child, with sad tears. There will she appear, walking within the beautiful green cloud where will be formed the beautiful green bead which is the garment of the Father.

From there will she go beholding on his beautiful golden gray carpet beneath the beautiful gray heaven. There she arriveth where she will be formed with her beautiful gray plumes. Within the beautiful gray broom-grass will she gaze, purifying herself with her beautiful gray plumes, with which she came. Thus did she resemble her father and her mother. In the same likeness as were they formed, so also did they form their child. Then did she go beholding within the five beautiful clouds; there was she formed of the beautiful gray cloud.

Thence did she look to both sides round about beneath his heavens. She began to weep, running about amidst sad tears. With many forms of cloud is she created. Round about doth she gaze upon his carpet, looking to the west where she will be formed of his beautiful black cloud. As were formed her father and her mother, so with the same likeness do they create her. Thence did he lift his graceful cloud with which he did purify her form. He sent succor and health in his cloud, thereby augmenting his spirit. So also doth he now send succor to him who will tread between this his altar. There will she gaze into the beautiful black lake where are seated her father and her mother. With his health will he purify and with his arrows will he cast out sickness and heat. Here, running sadly about, did she seek her sorrow. Thence will she arise with his five clouds and depart. She will gaze within the lake, beautifully spread out with rain and fog. From there ariseth the cloud within which flash the lightnings. Thence will she look upon his paths where she treadeth. With his health-giving cloud is she formed. All around doth she go wandering and weeping. Round about it raineth and showereth and cloudeth up and within the cloud flash the lightnings. From his paths cometh the drizzle. From afar cometh the drizzle on his pleasant green carpet. From there above where she was placed did he send hither his child.

Then did she arise within the many-colored cloud, gazing beneath the beautiful white heaven. On his beautiful white carpet did she arrive and was formed of his beautiful white cloud. She gazed within the five many-colored clouds. Thence did she go gazing within the beautiful white broom-grass where she was running. With his beautiful white arrows is she formed. Thence did she glance to both sides, gazing into the beautiful white lake where she now arriveth. From within the lakes she goeth running along the shore, pitifully weeping and speaking through her tears, seeking her father and her mother in her sadness. There was she formed with her health-giving tears.

Thus did he raise his plumes unto the end round about beneath the heavens to east, north, west and south. Lifting from there his child he will purify her with the cold, the health. He will give her sight and raise her unto the beautiful green bead which is on his throne.

## THE REPLY OF THE FATHER OF THE GIRL

With this thought have ye come. But my child knoweth nothing. She cannot grind corn; she is lazy. But if ye so desire, so must ye endure. May no ill ensue. Here have ye stopped; ye have tired yourselves, ye have stumbled and hurt yourselves. But do not think of that. Neither weep; it is the will of our spirits.

I also beseech our spirits who have gone before from both sides. Ye are the children of our Lord, our Lady, our Morning Star. From afar will they come to purify you with their healthful cloud, and will give you sight. They will bring health and with their arrows will they repel the pestilence round about beneath the heavens. From them will they draw their cloud of many colors with which

they will be formed. Thence will they look to both sides within the many-colored cloud. Thence will they cleanse with their cloud and their health-giving drizzle.

Ye will forgive me because I have recited unto you only a few words. For I cannot repeat to you the formulas of our spirits as they appear. For they are rare and are cherished; they depart from me to the winds, for I am vile. Therefore I cannot imitate their formula, for it appeareth afar. You desired that I should hear your word clearly. But if my child so wishes, God willing, I will teach you. But nevertheless ye must forgive me these few fragments. Then will ye be enabled to say anything.

With this formula, God, my Lord, my Lady, my Morning Star. With this he will give you sight, ye who will tread thus his carpet, pleasantly outspread. From his cloud above come the rains and fogs from which he raiseth his plumes which appear all about beneath the east, the north, the west and the south.

There in the seven beautiful heavens sitteth the healthful Green Woman who is our Lady who reacheth unto us her hand that we may be gathered into it.

So with this formula forgive me God, thou who holdest no malice.

# 37. TO BEG PARDON WHEN ANGRY WITH ANOTHER

to"nimör.adiosum anicbö'himdat To God. I hither was coming unbidden already= vaciumnio'k'idim piambi'ak'a pihönapsoi'-Thou not wilt need thee speaking. anywhere= mörid·a anicumta'nim ha'gicdara that thou sad wilt feel. I thee am begging pardon. pero höga'köt. piambi'aka napathou not wilt need that thou in-But that with go'kip.tönö'nikda pi·captumda'gia two places wilt look. Thou in them thyself wilt= seize

höganamaritgö'korak wö pöhi 'mdam they that are our spirits before go on. kuha'pu.pwö'cö.p. pimica·ptumda'gia Then thus also ye in him yourselves will seize navarito'k höga napuböit·ö'kdim who hither us is extendwho is our Father that ing that navarno'vit natpuga'm'para which is his hand in order that we going= oras.a"ba tönö'idim wöc beholding all hours in. namputso'sbit'urdim gacto'nkam höga That they for us protecting that heat that navara.u"umihököt. navaraka'k varak which are their ceremonial arrows with which are= their chimales navarawu'p'uivas höga'k'öt' mi'pugama'.which are their faces this with they= itwi'ct urdim gacko'k dakam höga that sickness. That for us repelling navarid'a'D navaritna 'na wadalubi who is our Mother who is our mama Guadalupe awi'putnöidim nata'niD'a para she us watching that we shall go begging in order ha'gicdara havaganavarit.o'k And he who is our Father pardon. santontie'ru amipuböit.nu'kdida San Anton Tierra they hither us will go guarding orasa"ba kuaviamha'ctup'am.wöc all hours in that not anything over us= a·'cumdu'nia ko'nkihapi hö'gia itself will make. With which thus only ni'cpum'a'tuD kupiambi'a'ka napi-I thee cause to know. Then thou not wilt need that: hö'wan.soi'mö'rida i'n'vwi' kupi'thou anywhere sad wilt feel me with. Then thou=

captumda'gia navarinsu'spidat inci'u'k' in him thyself wilt seize who is my Protector, my-Morning Star,

ino''k konkiha''pö''p ha'c'um'ö'ra'd'ak'am my Father. With which thus also any thys withinness.

## NOTE

When one person is angry with another or on bad terms with him and wishes to resume amicable relations, he goes to the other's house and recites to him the following prayer.

The influence of Christian theology is unusually evident.

#### TRANSLATION

Greetings! Unbidden have I come hither to speak unto thee. Thou must not feel angry; I come to beg forgiveness. Neither look askance. Thou must be possessed of the spirits of those who have gone before. Thou must be possessed likewise of our Father who reacheth unto us his hand that we may go beholding throughout all hours. With their arrows do they protect us from the heat and with their *chimales*, which are their faces, they cast from us the plague. She who is our Lady, our Mother of Guadalupe, is watching us that we beg forgiveness. And He who is our Father, San Anton Tierra, will guard us throughout all hours that no evil may befall us.

This only do I say unto thee. Thou needst not feel angry at me. Thou must be possessed of my Lord, my Guide and Morning Star. Thus be thy thought.

FIELD MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY CHICAGO, ILLINOIS